

**gfun[holexprtodiffeq]** - produce a differential equation satisfied by a holonomic expression

## Calling Sequence

holexprtodiffeq(**expr**, **y(z)**)

## Parameters

**expr** - holonomic expression in **y(z)**

**y, z** - name of the holonomic function and the generic variable

## Description

- If **expr** is a holonomic expression, then **gfun[holexprtodiffeq]** returns a differential equation in **y** and **z** that is satisfied by **expr**. Initial conditions are given whenever possible.
- Not all holonomic functions are recognized by **holexprtodiffeq**. It currently knows about the following functions:

BesselI	BesselJ	BesselK	BesselY	arccos	arccosh
arccot	arccoth	arccsc	arccsch	arcsec	arcsech
arcsin	arcsinh	arctan	arctanh	cos	cosh
erf	erfc	exp	ln	sin	sinh

## Examples

```
> with(gfun):
holexprtodiffeq(BesselJ(2,x),y(x));
```

$$\left\{ x^2 \left( \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) \right) + x \left( \frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + (x^2 - 4) y(x), D^{(2)}(y)(0) = \frac{1}{4}, D^{(3)}(y)(0) = 0, \right. \quad (2.1)$$

$$\left. y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0 \right\}$$

```
> holexprtodiffeq(arcsec(1/x)+sin(x)^2,y(x));
```

$$\left\{ D^{(2)}(y)(0) = 2, D^{(3)}(y)(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = -1, y(0) = \frac{1}{2} \pi, (-8x^3 + 52x \right. \quad (2.2)$$

$$+ 16x^5) \left( \frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + (-40x^4 + 44x^2 + 16x^6 - 20) \left( \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) \right) + (-2x^3$$

$$+ 13x + 4x^5) \left( \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y(x) \right) + (-10x^4 + 11x^2 + 4x^6 - 5) \left( \frac{d^4}{dx^4} y(x) \right) \left. \right\}$$

## See Also

[gfun](#), [gfun\[diffeqtorec\]](#), [gfun\[diffeqtohomdiffeq\]](#)