

# Towards the Design of an Industrial Network Node

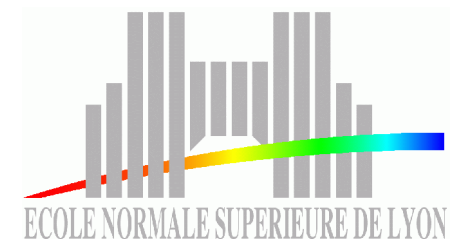
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# Motivations

- Everything started in a cooperative industrial maintenance and monitoring project (TEMIC project).
- But, no active equipement available on the market place!

# Scenario requirements

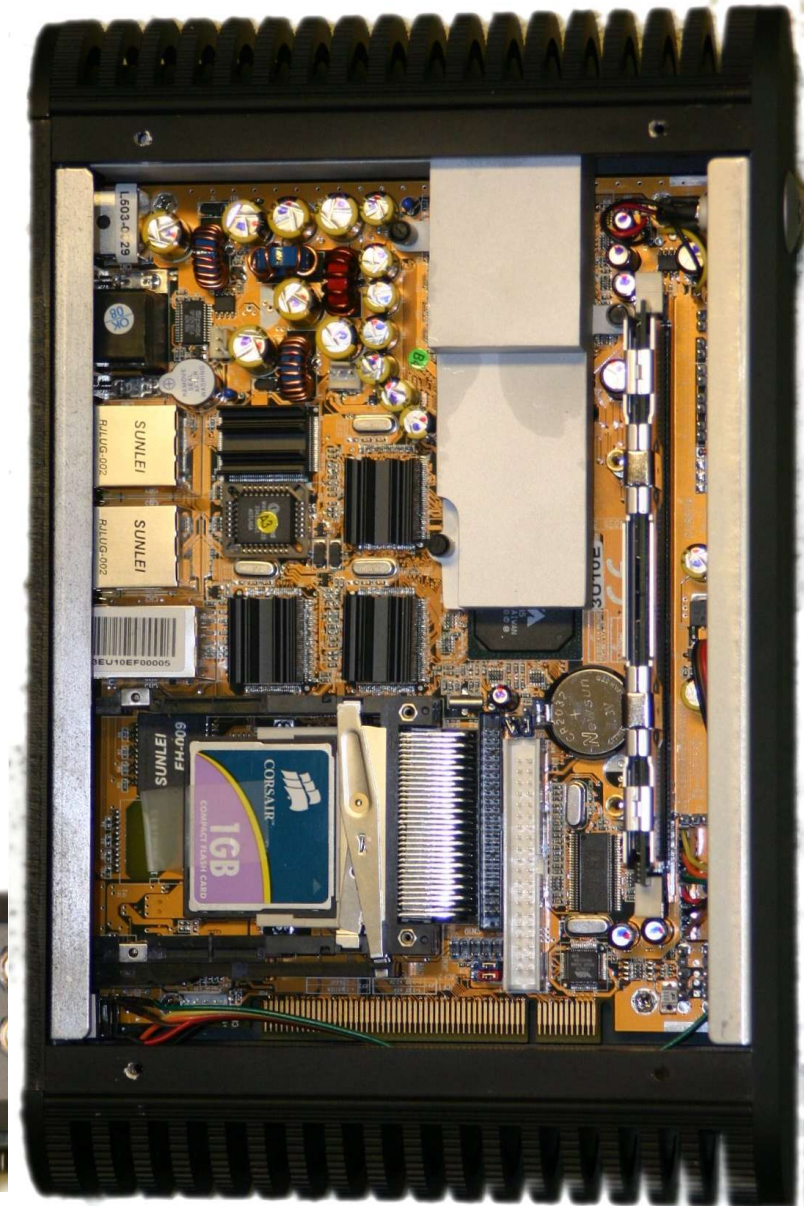
- Easily and efficiently deployable hardware in industrial context.
- Easily removable at the end of the maintenance and monitoring contract.
- Devices must fit industrial requirements:
  - reliability
  - fault-tolerance
- Devices must be *autonomic*!
  - auto-configurable
  - re-programmable

# Our approach

- Designing an Industrial Autonomic Network Node (IAN<sup>2</sup>):
  - Using a reliable and embedded hardware
  - Running on a low resource consumption node OS
  - Proposing an adapted EE
  - Designing a set of services
  - Evaluating solution in controlled and industrial scenario

# Hardware platform

- A transportable solution.
- Reduced risk of failure:
  - fanless
  - no mechanical hard disk drive
- VIA C3 1GHz, 256MB RAM, 3xNIC Gbit Ethernet, 1GB Compact Flash,...



Software Execution Environment:

# Node Operating System

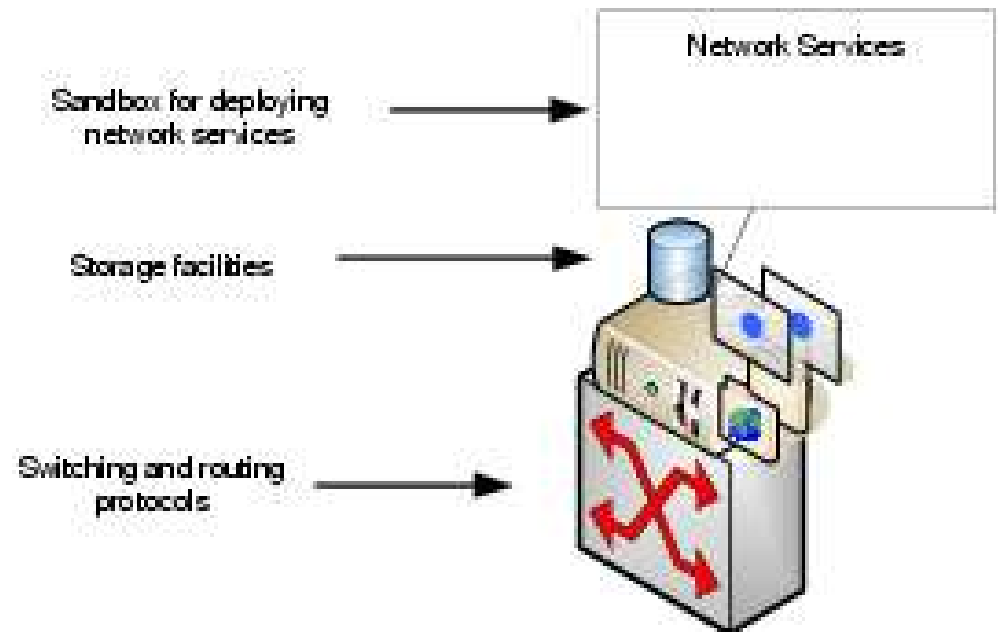
- Industrial Autonomic Network Node (IAN<sup>2</sup>) runs over Btux (bearstech.com)
- Btux is based on a GNU/Linux OS (kernel 2.6.12)
  - rebuilt from scratch
  - small memory footprint
  - reduced command set available
  - remotely upgradable



Software Execution Environment:  
**IAN<sup>2</sup> Software Architecture**

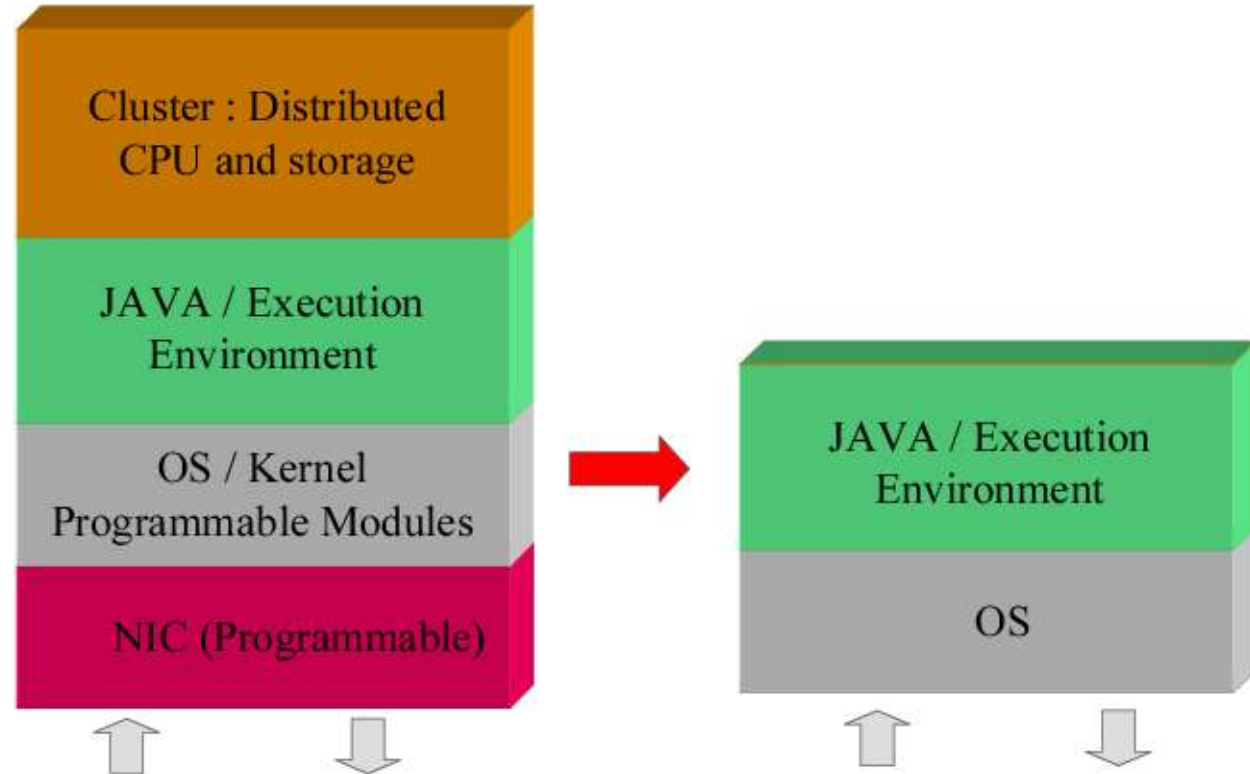
Our Industrial Autonomic Network Node architecture supports:

- wired and wireless connections,
- CPU facility,
- storage capabilities.



# Software Execution Environment: Execution Environment

- The EE is based on the *Tamanoir* (INRIA) software suite, a high performance execution environment for active networks.
- Tamanoir: Too complex for industrial purpose.
- Tamanoir<sup>embedded</sup>:
  - reduced code complexity,
  - removed unused class and methods,
  - simplify service design.



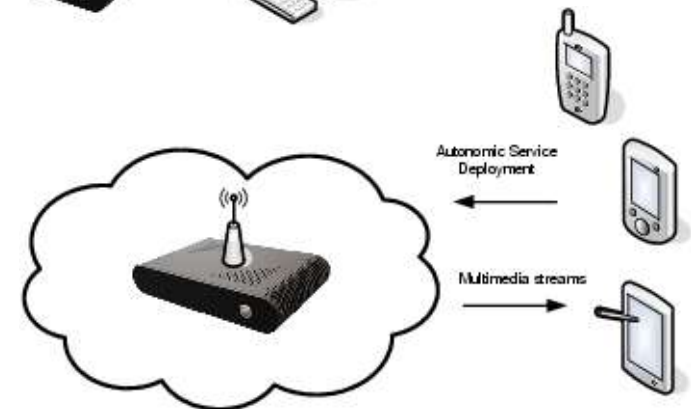


# Software Execution Environment: Autonomic Service Deployment

- Tamanoir<sup>embedded</sup> is written in Java and suitable for heterogeneous services.
- Provides various methods for dynamic service deployment/update:
  - from a service repository to a Tamanoir Active Node (TAN),
  - from the previous TAN crossed by the active data stream,



- from mobile equipments.



# Experimental Evaluation: Network Performances

- Based on *iperf* (bandwidth, jitter, loss) on two topologies.

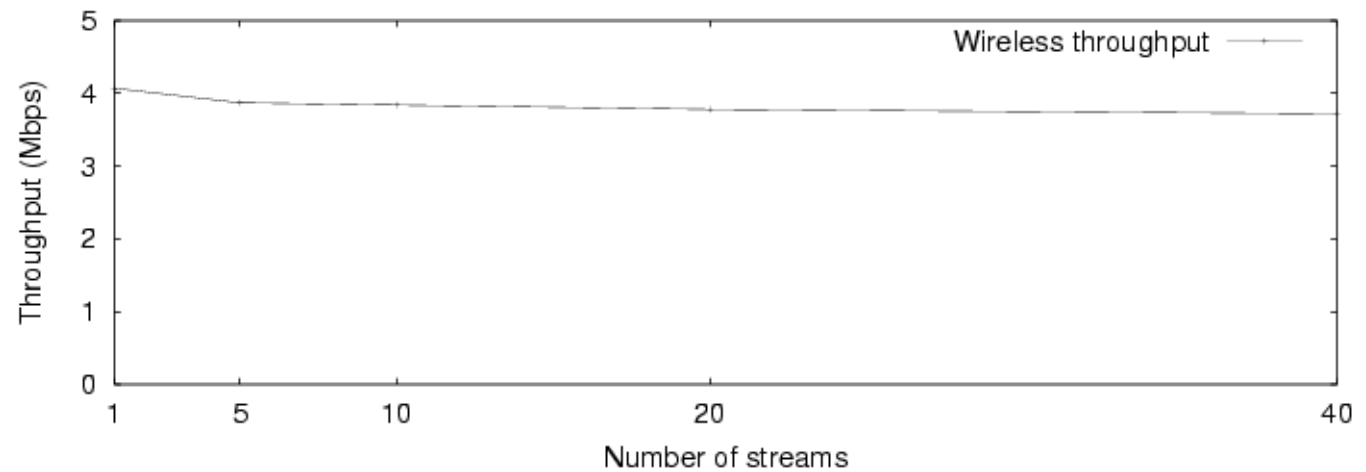
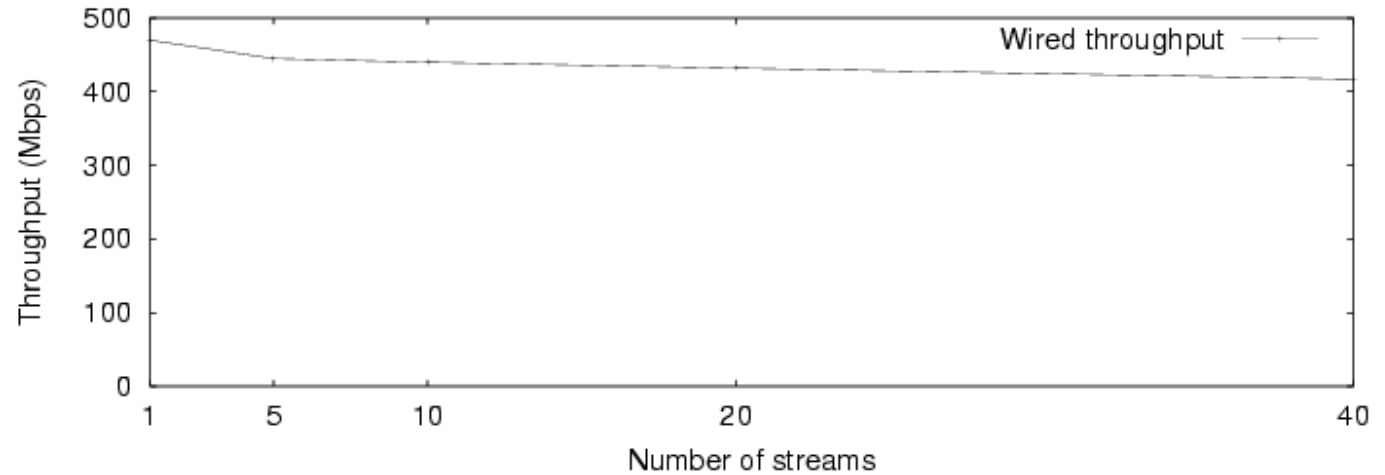


- IAN<sup>2</sup> failed to obtain a full Gbit bandwidth due to the limited embedded CPU and chipset.

Configuration	Throughput	cpu send	cpu recv	cpu gateway
back-2-back	488 Mbps	90%	95%	N/A
gateway (1 stream)	195 Mbps	29%	28%	50%
gateway (8 streams)	278 Mbps	99%	65%	70%

# Experimental Evaluation: Network Performances

- GigaEthernet:  
480 Mbps
- Wireless (802.11b):  
4 Mbps



Experimental Evaluation:

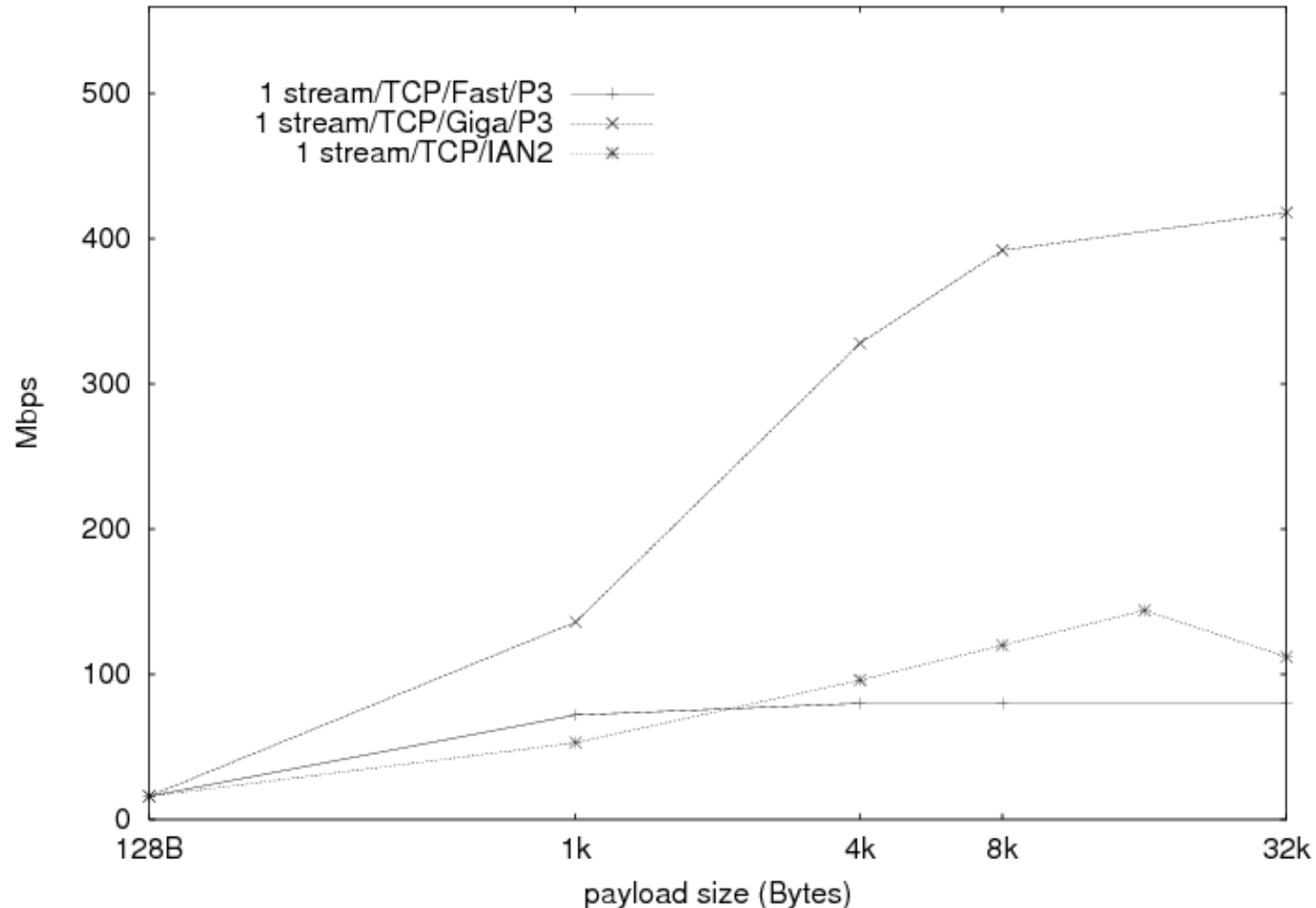
# Autonomic Performances

- We ran two different active services:
  - A lightweight service (MarkS)
  - A heavyweight service (GzipS)
- EE and services run in a SUN JVM 1.4.2

	<b>4kB</b>	<b>16kB</b>	<b>32kB</b>	<b>56kB</b>
<b>MarkS</b>	96	144	112	80
<b>GzipS</b>	9.8	14.5	15.9	16.6

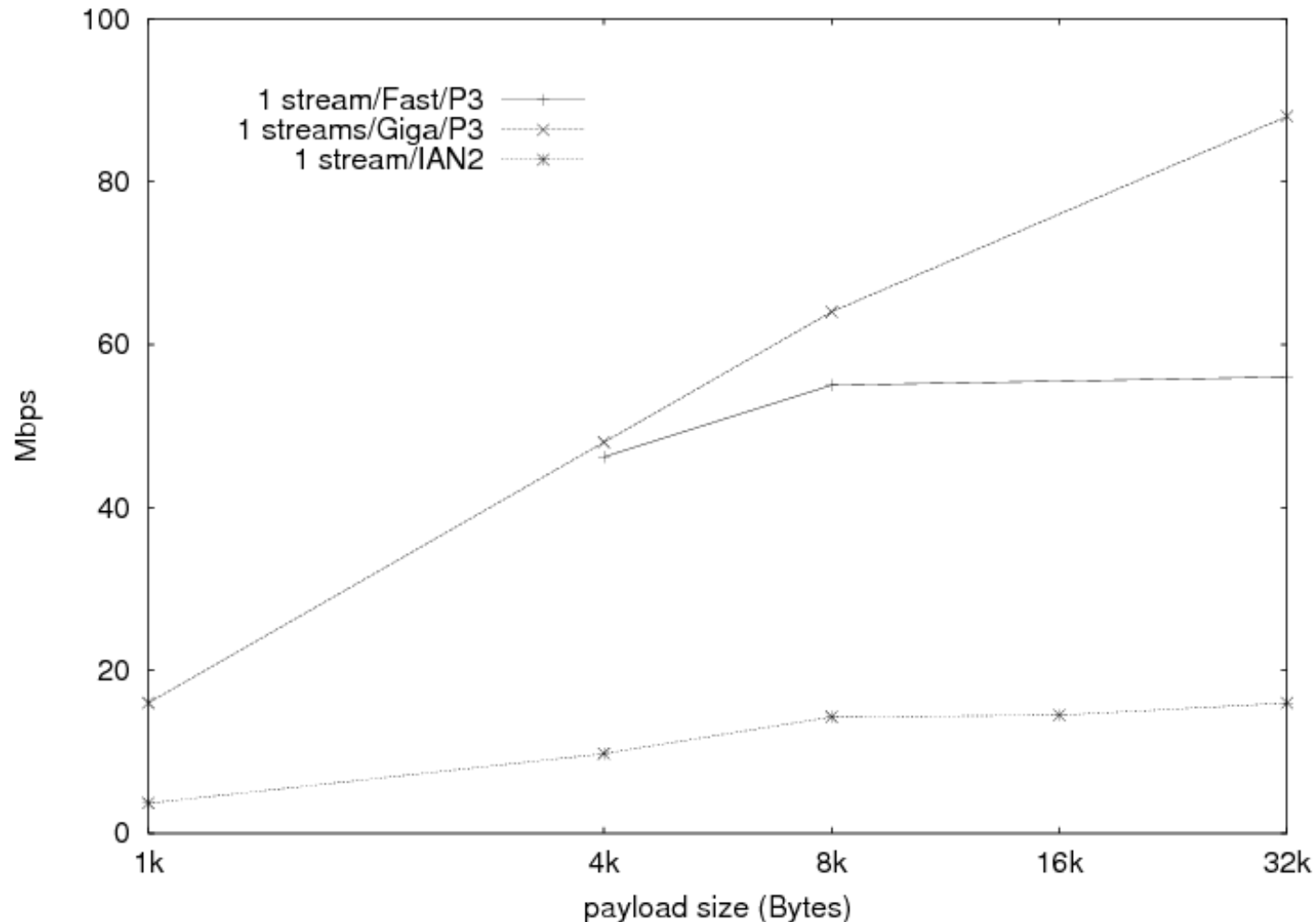
(Throughput in Mbps)

# Experimental Evaluation: Autonomic Performances



- Performance comparison with standard system over lightweight service.

# Experimental Evaluation: Autonomic Performances



- Performance comparison with standard system over heavyweight service.

## Experimental Evaluation:

# Performances within Multimedia context application

- Transmit and adapt a video stream: a real evaluation of our industrial autonomic node.

- Without adaptation step, CPU use is negligible.

<b>Format / Size</b>	<b>Usr CPU load</b>
-----	
MJPEG/720x480	< 1 %
H263/352x288	98,7 %
H263/176x144	99,3 %
H263/128x96	99 %

- Then, CPU load is totally due to the processing.

## Experimental Evaluation: Performances within Multimedia context application

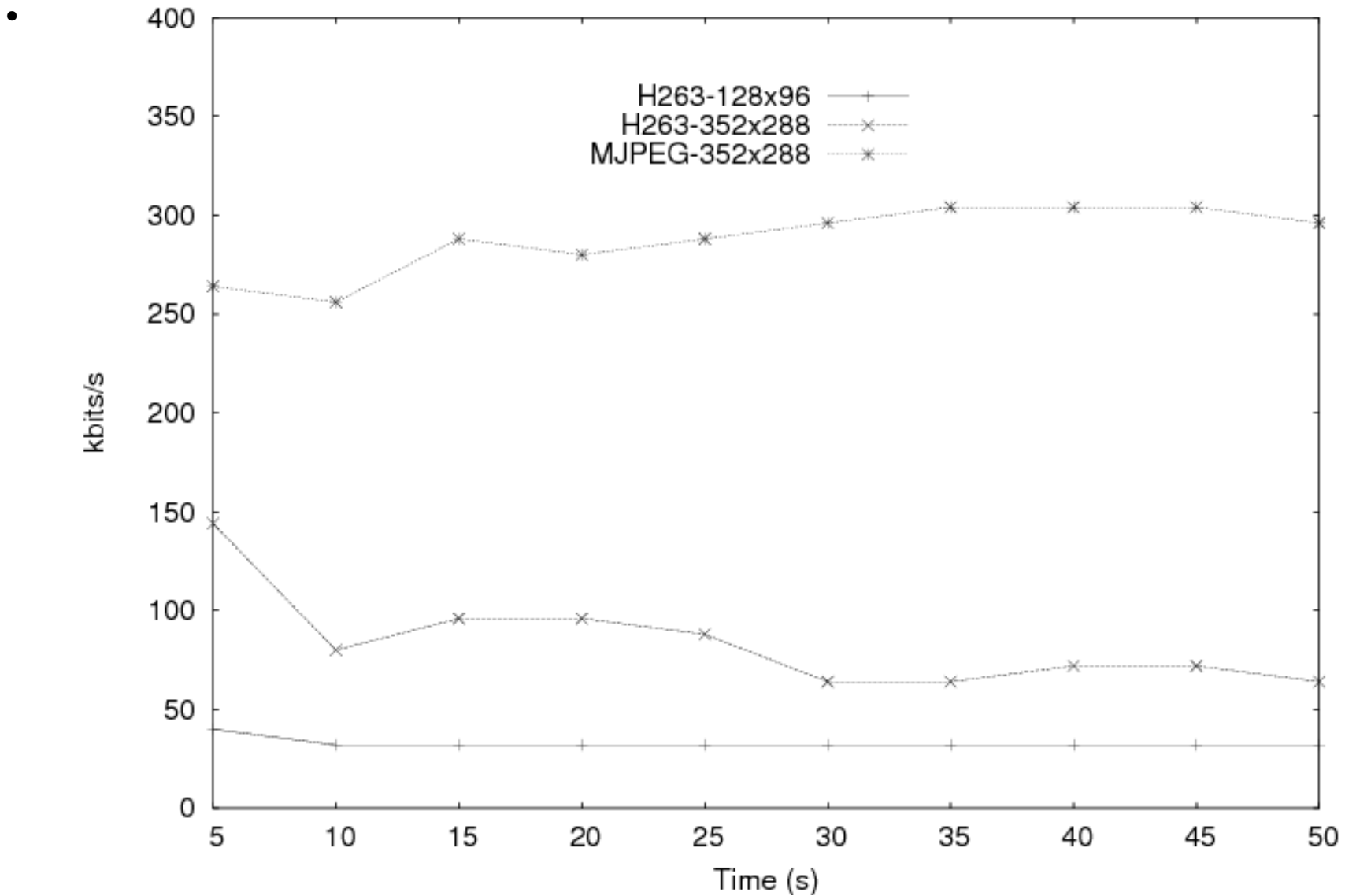
- We measure the output data rate on an active node using a wireless network when transmitting an adapted video file to a PDA.

Output Format/Resolution	Entry File/Output File	Transmitting time	PDA loading time
MJPEG/720x480	14794 KB / 14794 KB	4 min 50 sec	5 min 10 sec
H263/352x288	14794 KB / 1448 KB	22 sec	2 min 55 sec
H263/176x144	14794 KB / 365 KB	8,5 sec	1 min 30 sec
H263/128x96	14794 KB / 179 KB	3,8 sec	1 min 18 sec

- Even with a limited CPU, the IAN<sup>2</sup> provides efficient adaptation which reduces the amount of transported data and globally improves performances of the application.



# Experimental Evaluation: Performances within Multimedia context application



# Conclusions

- Description of the IAN<sup>2</sup> prototype of industrial autonomic network node
  - hardware choice
  - software solution
- Evaluation of performances
  - processing power
  - networking
  - Execution Environment
- Results are far from a current desktop performances, however...

# Conclusions (cont'd)

- However, for « low » bandwidth network (Fast Ethernet, xDSL or Wireless networks), IAN<sup>2</sup> can perfectly support a large class of reliable autonomic services.
- Switching from academic (experimental) project to an industrial project is a real challenge.
- Next step concerns the development of new autonomic services.

## Acknowledgments

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# Questions?



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