# Cellular Homology

### Exercise 1. On the topology of CW complexes

- 1. Show that a subset of a CW complex is open (resp. closed) if and only if its intersection with the interior of any cell C is open (resp. closed) in the interior of C.
- 2. Show that a CW complex is compact if and only if it has finitely many cells.
- 3. Show that a CW complex is path connected if and only if its 1-skeleton is path connected.
- 4. Endow the product of two CW complexes with a CW complex structure.

## Exercise 2. Computations of homology groups of classical spaces

Let g be a positive integer. Compute the homology groups of the following topological spaces:

- (a) The 3-dimensional torus.
- (b) The non-orientable surface  $\Sigma_g$  of genus g
- (c) The orientable surface  $\Sigma'_g$  of genus g.
- (d) The real projective space.

# Exercise 3. Homology of singular spaces

Compute the homology groups of the following topological spaces.

- 1. The space obtained from the sphere  $S^2$  by collapsing n points.
- 2. The space obtained from the sphere  $S^2$  by identifying any point of the equator with its antipode.
- 3. The space obtained from the sphere  $S^3$  by identifying any point of the equator with its antipode.

#### **Exercise 4.** Moore Spaces

Let M be an abelian group and let  $n \ge 1$  be an integer. A Moore space with respect to (M, n) is a topological space X such that

$$\widetilde{H}_i(X) \cong \begin{cases} M & \text{if } i = n \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}.$$

- 1. Construct a Moore space with respect to  $(\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}, n)$  for any integer m and any positive integer n.
- 2. Construct a Moore space with respect to (M, n) for any finitely generated abelian group M and any positive integer n.
- 3. Let  $(M_n)_{n \ge 1}$  be a sequence of abelian groups. Construct a path-connected topological space X such that for all  $n \ge 1$ , we have  $H_n(X) = M_n$ .

#### Exercise 5. Product of spheres

Let m and n be positive integers. Compute the homology groups of the product of spheres  $S^n \times S^m$  using cellular homology.

### Exercise 6. Euler characteristic

- 1. Let  $Y \to X$  be a finite cover of degree *n*. Show that  $\chi(Y) = n\chi(X)$ .
- 2. Let g be a positive integer.
  - (a) Compute the Euler characteristic of the surfaces  $\Sigma_g$  and  $\Sigma'_g$ .

- (b) Let h be positive integer. Find a necessary condition to the existence of a cover  $\Sigma_h \to \Sigma_g$  in terms of g and h. Show that this condition is in fact sufficient.
- 3. Let X be a CW complex which is the union of two sub-complexes A and B. Show that

$$\chi(X) = \chi(A) + \chi(B) - \chi(A \cap B).$$

4. Compute the Euler characteristic of a product of CW complexes.

# Exercise 7. Homology of Poincaré's hypercubic variety

Let V be the topological space obtained from the cube  $C = [0,1]^3$  by gluing opposite faces after turning them of an angle of  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ . More precisely, we set

 $V = C / \sim$ 

with  $(0, y, z) \sim (1, -z, y)$ ,  $(x, 0, z) \sim (z, 1, -x)$  and  $(x, y, 0) \sim (-y, x, 1)$ . Compute the homology groups of V.