

# Rappels

## LK monolatère

- $A ::= X \mid \neg X \mid A \wedge B \mid A \vee B \mid \top \mid \perp$

$\neg$ : formules  $\rightarrow$  formules

$$X \mapsto \neg X$$

$$\neg X \mapsto X$$

$$\neg(A \wedge B) = \neg A \vee \neg B$$

$$\neg \top = \perp$$

...

- $\Gamma$  liste de formules

## Regles

### gpe identité

$$\frac{}{\vdash A, \neg A} \text{ax} \quad \left( \frac{\vdash A, \Gamma \quad \vdash \neg A, \Delta}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta} \text{cut} \right)$$

### gpe structural

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma}{\vdash \Gamma(\Gamma)} \text{ex}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma}{\vdash \Gamma, A} \text{wk}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, A, A}{\vdash \Gamma, A} \text{ctr}$$

### gpe logique

- additif

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, A \quad \vdash \Gamma, B}{\vdash \Gamma, A \wedge B} \wedge^{\text{add}}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, A}{\vdash \Gamma, A \vee B} \vee^{\text{add}}_1$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, B}{\vdash \Gamma, A \vee B} \vee^{\text{add}}_2$$

$$\frac{}{\vdash \Gamma, \top} \top^{\text{add}}$$

- multiplicatif

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, A \quad \vdash \Delta, B}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta, A \wedge B} \wedge^{\text{mul}}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, A, B}{\vdash \Gamma, A \vee B} \vee^{\text{mul}}$$

$$\frac{}{\vdash \Gamma, \perp} \perp^{\text{mul}}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma}{\vdash \Gamma, \perp} \perp^{\text{mul}}$$

ex:

$$A \vee (B \wedge C) \vdash (A \vee B) \wedge (A \vee C)$$

$\neg$

$$\neg((A \vee B) \wedge (A \vee C)) ?$$

$$\vdash (\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vee (\neg A \wedge \neg C), A \vee (B \wedge C)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{}{\vdash \neg A, A} \text{ax} \\ \hline \vdash \neg A, A, B \wedge C \text{wk} \\ \hline \vdash \neg A, \neg A \wedge \neg C, A, B \wedge C \text{wk} \\ \hline \vdash \neg A \wedge \neg B, \neg A \wedge \neg C, A, B \wedge C \vee \text{mul} \\ \hline \vdash \neg A \wedge \neg B, \neg A \wedge \neg C, A \vee (B \wedge C) \vee \text{mul} \\ \hline \vdash (\neg A \wedge \neg B) \vee (\neg A \wedge \neg C), A \vee (B \wedge C) \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{}{\vdash \neg B, B} \text{ax} \quad \frac{}{\vdash \neg C, C} \text{ax} \\ \hline \vdash \neg B, \neg C, B \wedge C \wedge \text{mul} \\ \hline \vdash \neg B, \neg C, A, B \wedge C \text{wk} \\ \hline \vdash \neg B, \neg A \wedge \neg C, A, B \wedge C \wedge \text{add} \\ \hline \vdash \neg B, \neg A \wedge \neg C, A, B \wedge C \wedge \text{add} \end{array}$$

# Elimination des Coupures

• règle dérivable



• règle admissible

$$\frac{I_1 \quad \dots \quad I_k}{I} \Omega$$

$\Omega$  est admissible si:  
lorsque  $I_1, \dots, I_k$  sont  
prouvables alors  $I$  aussi

$$\frac{\vdash X}{\vdash Y}$$

Théorème:

La règle (cut) est admissible dans LK sans (cut).

$$\frac{\vdash A, \Gamma \quad \vdash \neg A, \Delta}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta}$$

cas def

$$\frac{\text{règle logique } \vdash A \quad \text{règle logique } \vdash \neg A}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta}$$

$\vdash \pi_1$	$\vdash \pi_2$	$\vdash \pi_3$
$\vdash \Gamma, A$	$\vdash \Gamma, B$	$\vdash \Delta, \neg A$
$\wedge_{add}$		$\vee_{add}$
$\vdash \Gamma, A \wedge B$		$\vdash \Delta, \neg A \vee \neg B$
		cut
$\vdash \Gamma, \Delta$		
↓		
$\vdash \pi_1$	$\vdash \pi_3$	
$\vdash \Gamma, A$	$\vdash \Delta, \neg A$	
$\vdash \Gamma, \Delta$		cut

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\pi_1} \quad \boxed{\pi_2} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B \quad \wedge \text{ add} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, A \wedge B \\
 \\
 \boxed{\pi_3} \\
 \hline
 \Delta, \neg A, \neg B \quad \vee \text{ mul} \\
 \hline
 \Delta, \neg A \vee \neg B \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \Gamma, \Delta
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\pi_1} \quad \boxed{\pi_3} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, A \quad \Delta, \neg A, \neg B \quad \text{cut} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Delta, \neg B \\
 \\
 \boxed{\pi_2} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, B \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \Gamma, \Delta, \neg B \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Delta, \neg B \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \Gamma, \Delta, \neg B \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Delta
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\pi_1} \quad \boxed{\pi_2} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, A \quad \Delta, B \quad \wedge \text{ mul} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Delta, A \wedge B \\
 \\
 \boxed{\pi_3} \\
 \hline
 \Sigma, \neg A \quad \vee \text{ add} \\
 \hline
 \Sigma, \neg A \vee \neg B \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \Gamma, \Delta, \Sigma
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\pi_1} \quad \boxed{\pi_3} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, A \quad \Sigma, \neg A \quad \text{cut} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Sigma \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \Gamma, \Delta, \Sigma
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\pi_1} \quad \boxed{\pi_2} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, A \quad \Delta, B \quad \wedge \text{ mul} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Delta, A \wedge B \\
 \\
 \boxed{\pi_3} \\
 \hline
 \Sigma, \neg A, \neg B \quad \vee \text{ mul} \\
 \hline
 \Sigma, \neg A \vee \neg B \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \Gamma, \Delta, \Sigma
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\pi_1} \quad \boxed{\pi_3} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, A \quad \Sigma, \neg A, \neg B \quad \text{cut} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Sigma, \neg B \\
 \\
 \boxed{\pi_2} \\
 \hline
 \Delta, B \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \Gamma, \Delta, \Sigma
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \hline
 \Gamma, \neg \Delta \quad \perp \text{ mul} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \neg \Delta \quad \text{cut} \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \boxed{\pi} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Delta \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \neg \Delta \quad \perp \text{ mul} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \neg \Delta \quad \text{cut} \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \boxed{\pi} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Delta \quad \text{cut} \\
 \\
 \Gamma, \Delta
 \end{array}$$

cas commutatif

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \quad \frac{\Gamma \Delta, \neg A, B, C \quad \Gamma \Delta, \neg A, B \vee C}{\Gamma \Delta, \neg A, B \vee C} \vee \text{mult}}{\Gamma, \Delta, B \vee C} \text{cut}$$

↓

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \quad \frac{\Gamma \Delta, \neg A, B, C}{\Gamma, \Delta, B, C} \text{cut}}{\Gamma, \Delta, B \vee C} \vee \text{mult}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \quad \frac{\Gamma \Delta, B, \neg A \quad \Gamma \Delta, C, \neg A}{\Gamma \Delta, B \wedge C, \neg A} \wedge \text{add}}{\Gamma, \Delta, B \wedge C} \text{cut}$$

↓

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma \Delta, B, \neg A}{\Gamma, \Delta, B} \text{cut} \quad \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma \Delta, C, \neg A}{\Gamma, \Delta, C} \text{cut}}{\Gamma, \Delta, B \wedge C} \wedge \text{add}$$

cas structural

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma \Delta}{\Gamma} \pi_1}{\Gamma, A} \text{weak} \quad \frac{\frac{\Gamma \Delta}{\Gamma \Delta, \neg A} \pi_2}{\Gamma, \Delta} \text{cut}}{\Gamma, \Delta} \text{cut} \rightsquigarrow \frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma \Delta}{\Gamma} \pi_1}{\Gamma, \Delta} \text{weak}}{\Gamma, \Delta} \text{weak}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma \Delta}{\Gamma, A, A} \pi_1}{\Gamma, A} \text{ctr} \quad \frac{\frac{\Gamma \Delta}{\Gamma \Delta, \neg A} \pi_2}{\Gamma, \Delta, \neg A} \text{cut}}{\Gamma, \Delta} \text{cut} \rightsquigarrow \frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma \Delta}{\Gamma, A, A} \pi_1 \quad \frac{\Gamma \Delta, \neg A}{\Gamma, \Delta, A} \pi_2}{\Gamma, \Delta, A} \text{ctr}}{\Gamma, \Delta, \Delta} \text{ctr}}{\Gamma, \Delta} \text{ctr}$$

cas identite

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma \neg A, A}{\Gamma \neg A, \Gamma} \text{ax} \quad \frac{\frac{\Gamma \Delta}{\Gamma \Gamma, \neg A} \pi}{\Gamma, \neg A} \text{cut}}{\Gamma, \neg A} \text{cut} \rightsquigarrow \frac{\frac{\Gamma \Delta}{\Gamma} \pi}{\Gamma, \neg A} \text{cut}$$

pooids d'une coupure

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, \neg A}{\Gamma, \Delta} \text{ cut}$$

$|A|$ : nb de connectifs  
 $X, \neg X \mapsto 1$   
 $\perp, \top, \vee, \wedge$

0, 1, 2: nb règles "pas def"  
 $\hookrightarrow$  cas def

$$\left( |A|, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \right) \text{ lexico}$$

$$[a, a, b, c] > [b, b, b, b, c, c, c]$$

$$a \succ b$$

$$a > c$$

multi-ensemble des poids de coupures de  $\pi$

$\hookrightarrow$  poids de  $\pi$

si  $\pi$  prouve avec au moins 1 coupure

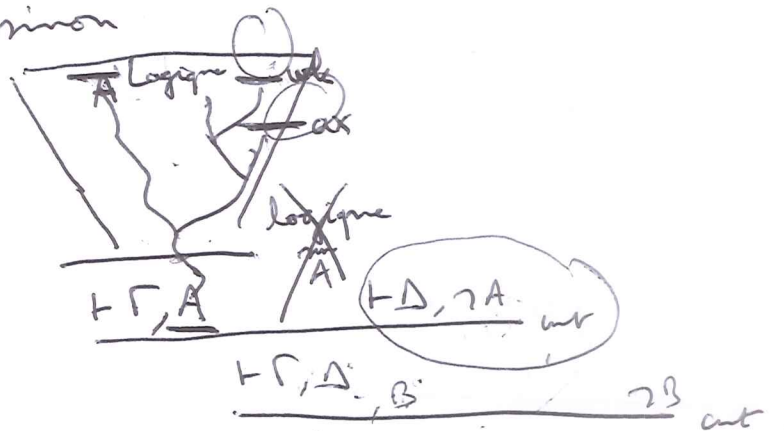
$\mapsto \pi'$  de poids  $\searrow$

$\rightarrow$  choisir 1 coupure "la plus haute"

- cas def

OK

- sinon



## Conséquences

- Propriété de la sous-formule

si  $\vdash \Gamma$  est prouvable, il existe une preuve de  $\vdash \Gamma$  qui n'utilise que des sous-formules des formules de  $\Gamma$ .

- Cohérence

⊗  $\vdash \perp$  n'est pas prouvable

⊗  $\vdash \perp$  n'est pas prouvable

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \boxed{\perp} \\ \vdash \perp \end{array} \quad \frac{\quad}{\vdash \perp} \text{cut}}{\vdash} \text{cut}$$

⊗ qqst A, on n'a pas  $\vdash A$  et  $\vdash \neg A$

$$\frac{\vdash A \quad \vdash \neg A}{\vdash} \text{cut}$$

⊗ qqst A,  $\not\vdash A \wedge \neg A$