
HW II: Random variables and expectation (due Feb 14th, before tutorial)

1. (From GS) Let X_1, \dots, X_n be independent discrete random variables that are symmetric about 0, i.e., X_i and $-X_i$ have the same distribution. Let $S_n = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$. Show that for all t , $\mathbf{P}\{S_n \geq t\} = \mathbf{P}\{S_n \leq -t\}$. What if we drop the independence assumption? Justify your answer.
2. (a) Let X_1, \dots, X_n be independent and uniform $\{0, 1\}$ random variables. A streak is a consecutive sequence of 0's or 1's. For a given integer $p \in \{1, \dots, n\}$. For example, the sequence 00011001 has 4 streaks of length 2. What is the expected number of streaks of length p ? For which value p^* is this expectation 1 (or closest to 1 if not integer)?
(b) Show that for $p \leq \alpha p^*$ with $\alpha < 1$, the probability that there is a streak of length p goes to 1 as $n \rightarrow \infty$.