

Quantum Information Theory

Exercise sheet 5

(Dated: February 15, 2022)

1. Compute the coherent information for the trace channel

$$\mathcal{N}_D(\rho) = \frac{1}{2} \text{tr}[\rho] \mathbb{1}_2, \quad (1)$$

and the completely dephasing channel

$$\mathcal{N}_\varphi(\rho) = \frac{1}{2} \rho + \frac{1}{2} Z \rho Z. \quad (2)$$

2. [Additivity of coherent information for degradable channels]

A quantum channel $\mathcal{N}_{A \rightarrow B}$ is degradable if there exists a channel $\mathcal{D}_{B \rightarrow E}$ such that

$$\mathcal{N}_{A \rightarrow E}^c(\rho_A) = \mathcal{D}_{B \rightarrow E}(\mathcal{N}_{A \rightarrow B}(\rho_A)) \quad (3)$$

for any input state ρ_A , where $\mathcal{N}_{A \rightarrow E}^c$ is the channel complementary to \mathcal{N} .

Let \mathcal{N} and \mathcal{M} be any quantum channels that are degradable. Show that the coherent information of the tensor-product channel $\mathcal{N} \otimes \mathcal{M}$ is the sum of their individual coherent informations:

$$Q(\mathcal{N} \otimes \mathcal{M}) = Q(\mathcal{N}) + Q(\mathcal{M}). \quad (4)$$

3. Show that the erasure channel

$$\mathcal{N}_{A \rightarrow B}^{\text{erasure}, p}(\rho_A) = (1 - p)\rho_B + p|e_B\rangle\langle e_B| \quad (5)$$

is degradable if the erasure probability is $p \leq 1/2$.