# Vector fields, derivations

#### Exercise 1.

Let M be a manifold and X be a vector field on M. Show that there exists  $f \in \mathcal{C}^{\infty}(M; \mathbb{R})$  positive such that fX is a complete vector field.

### Exercise 2.

In this exercise, we give a classification of 1-dimensional connected smooth manifolds. Let M be such a manifold.

- 1. Let  $(U, \varphi)$  and  $(V, \psi)$  be two charts with U, V connected and  $U \cap V \neq \emptyset$ . We also assume that  $\varphi(U) = \psi(V) = \mathbb{R}$  (which is always possible by composing with a suitable function).
  - (a) Let  $\Gamma = \{(s,t) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid \varphi^{-1}(t) = \psi^{-1}(s)\}$ . Show that  $\Gamma$  is closed.
  - (b) Show that  $\Gamma$  is the graph of  $\psi \circ \varphi^{-1} \colon \varphi(U \cap V) \to \mathbb{R}$ .
  - (c) Let I be a connected component of  $\varphi(U \cap V)$ , and assume  $a \in \mathbb{R}$  is a boundary point of I. Show that  $\lim_{s \to a} \psi \circ \varphi^{-1}(s) = \pm \infty$ . Deduce that  $U \cap V$  has at most two connected components.
  - (d) Show that  $(\psi \circ \varphi^{-1})'$  has constant sign.
- 2. Let  $(U_i, \varphi_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}}$  be a locally finite open cover of M. Show that there exists  $\sigma \colon \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$  a bijection such that

$$\forall j \in \mathbb{N}, \quad U_{\sigma(j+1)} \cap \left(\bigcup_{i=0}^{j} U_{\sigma(i)}\right) \neq \emptyset$$

3. Deduce from 1. and 2. that there exists a locally finite atlas  $(U_i, \varphi_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}}$  of M such that

$$\forall (i,j) \in \mathbb{N}^2, U_i \cap U_j \neq \emptyset, \quad (\varphi_i \circ \varphi_j^{-1})' > 0$$

and deduce that M is parallelizable.

4. Show that there is a one-parameter subgroup of Diff(M) acting transitively on M. Conclude that M is either diffeomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}$  or  $\mathbb{S}^1$ .

#### Exercise 3.

Let M be a manifold and D be a derivation of  $\mathcal{C}^{\infty}(M;\mathbb{R})$ . Assume f and g are smooth functions on M such that f = g on some open subset  $U \subset M$ . Show that D(f) = D(g) on U.

## Exercise 4.

Let  $\varphi \colon M \to N$  be a diffeomorphism and D be a derivation of  $\mathcal{C}^{\infty}(M;\mathbb{R})$ . Show that

$$\varphi_*D: \begin{array}{ccc} \varphi_*D: \\ f & \longmapsto \end{array} \begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{C}^{\infty}(N;\mathbb{R}) \\ f & \longmapsto \end{array} \begin{array}{ccc} D(f \circ \varphi) \circ \varphi^{-1} \end{array}$$

is a derivation of  $\mathcal{C}^{\infty}(N;\mathbb{R})$ .

## Exercise 5.

Let D, D' be two derivations of  $\mathcal{C}^{\infty}(M)$ . Is  $D \circ D'$  a derivation? What about  $D \circ D' - D' \circ D$ ? Exercise 6.

Let M be a manifold. Show that the ring  $\mathcal{C}^0(M;\mathbb{R})$  does not have any non-zero derivation.