

Exploiting multiple resolutions to accelerate inverse problems in imaging

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Mathematics and Image Analysis (MIA'25)



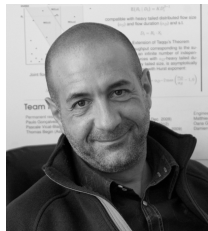
Collaboration



Guillaume LAUGA



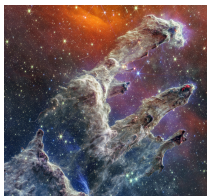
Nelly PUSTELNIK



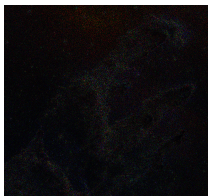
Paulo GONCALVES

The context: image restoration problems

$$\hat{x} \in \arg \min_x \frac{1}{2} \|Ax - z\|_2^2 + \lambda \|Lx\|_*$$



\bar{x}



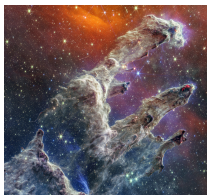
z



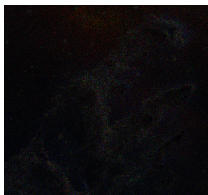
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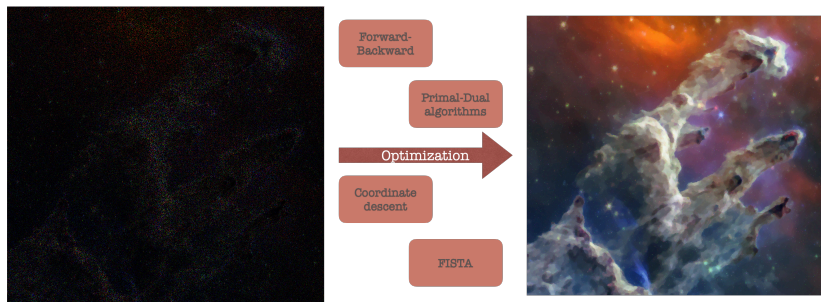
\hat{x}

More generally

$$\min_x f(x) + g(x)$$

- ▶ f differentiable with Lipschitz gradient
- ▶ g possibly non-smooth and often non-proximable

Focus on large-scale problems



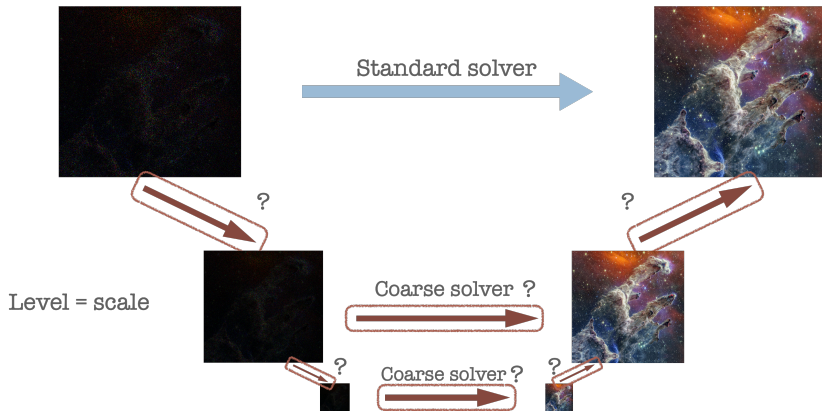
Prohibitive cost for large-scale problems: how to reduce this cost?

Existing acceleration strategies

- ▶ **FISTA** [Beck & Teboulle, 2009] [Chambolle & Dossal, 2015],
- ▶ **Preconditioning** [Donatelli, 2019][Repetti et al., 2014],
- ▶ **Blocks methods** [Liu, 1996] [Chouzenoux et al., 2016] [Salzo, Villa 2022],

Alternative: Exploit the problem structure with a **multiresolution strategy**

The multilevel paradigm



The multilevel literature

CONTEXT	MULTILEVEL STRATEGY	CONVERGENCE GUARANTEES	PRACTICAL PERFORMANCE	REFERENCES
Linear PDEs	✓	✓	✓	[Hackbush 1985], [McCormick 1987], [Briggs 2000]
Smooth non-linear PDEs	✓	✓	✓	[Nash 2000], [Gratton 2008], [Calandra 2020]
Smooth imaging optimization	✓	✓	✗	[Javaherian 2017], [Plier 2021], [Fung 2020]
Non-smooth optimization	✓	✗ No convergence of the iterates	✗	[Parpas 2016], [Parpas 2017], [Ang 2023]
Non-smooth & non-proximable	✗	✗	✗	

Our contribution

IML FISTA: inexact multilevel FISTA

- ▶ A **general multilevel algorithm** with state-of-the-art convergence guarantees for image restoration that handles state-of-the-art non-proximinal a-priori (TV, NLTV)
- ▶ Adaptation of IML FISTA to **multiple image restoration contexts** with state-of-the-art practical performance
- ▶ Adaptation of IML FISTA to **radio-interferometric imaging** with state-of-the-art practical performance

Our context

The problem:

$$\min_x F(x) := f(x) + \varphi(Lx)$$

The method: inexact FISTA [Aujol, Dossal, 2015]

$$x_{k+1} \approx_{\epsilon_k} \text{prox}_{\tau\varphi \circ L}(y_k - \tau \nabla f(y_k))$$

$$y_{k+1} = x_{k+1} + \alpha_k(x_{k+1} - x_k)$$

where $\alpha_k = \frac{t_k - 1}{t_{k+1}}$ and $t_k = \left(\frac{k-1+a}{a}\right)^d$.

Contribution: update y_k through a multilevel step

Outline

The multilevel step

The ingredients of the multilevel scheme

- The transfer operators

- The coarse model

Numerical experiments

- Hyperspectral images

- Radio-interferometric imaging

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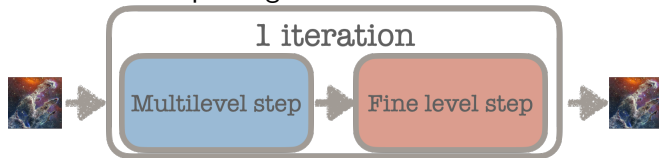
The multilevel step

- ▶ Classical proximal methods:

$$x_{k+1} = \text{prox}_{\tau\varphi \circ L}(x_k - \tau\nabla f(x_k))$$



- ▶ The multilevel paradigm:



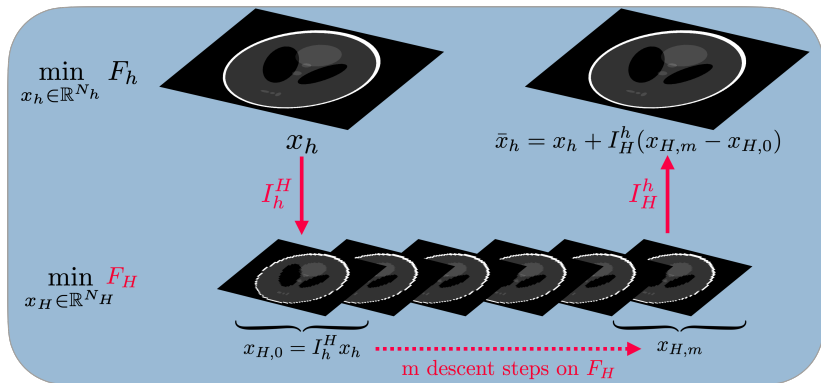
Idea of the multilevel (ML) step

Exploit different **resolutions** of the problem and alternate iterations between fine and coarse levels.

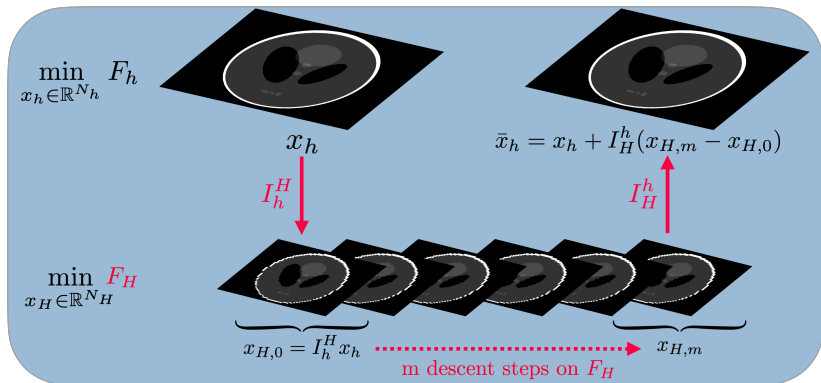
Example: two-levels case - (h) fine level (H) coarse level



The multilevel step - two level case



The multilevel step - two level case



$I_h^H, I_H^h, F_H?$

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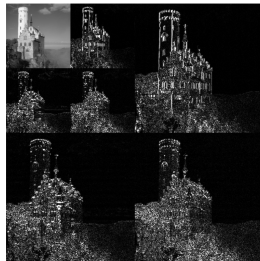
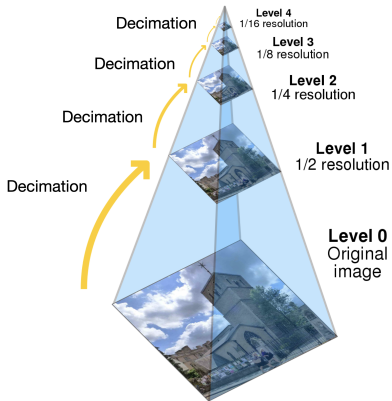
- The coarse model

Numerical experiments

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A hierarchy of images: I_h^H , I_H^h

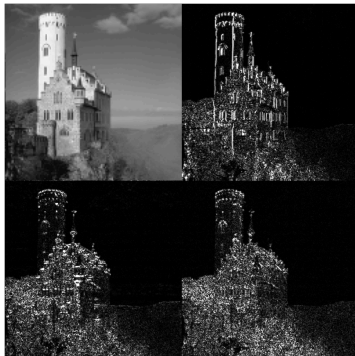


Example: the wavelet transform



I_h^H

→



Example: the wavelet transform



I_h^H

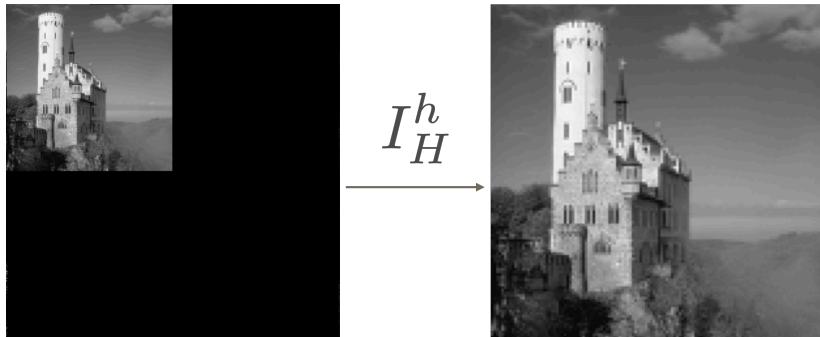
→



Example: the wavelet transform



Example: the wavelet transform



Coarse model definition F_H

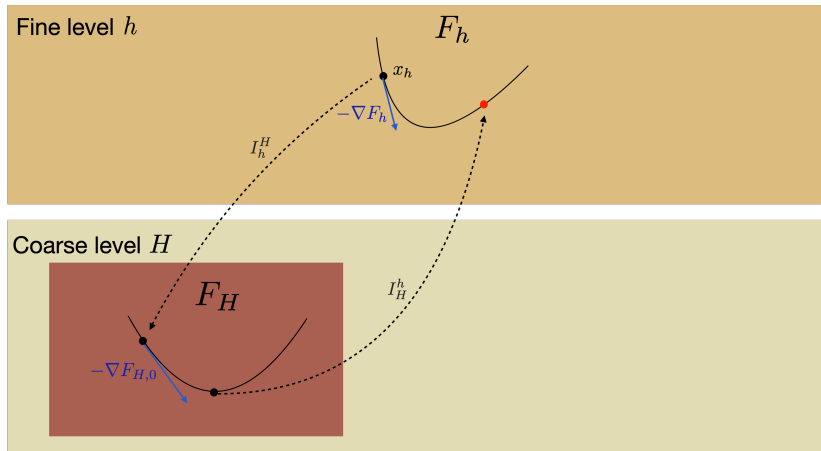
$$F_h(x) = F(x) = \frac{1}{2} \|Ax - z\|_2^2 + \varphi(Lx)$$
$$F_H(x) = \frac{1}{2} \|A_H x_H - z\|_2^2 + \varphi(L_H x_H)$$

Coarse model definition F_H

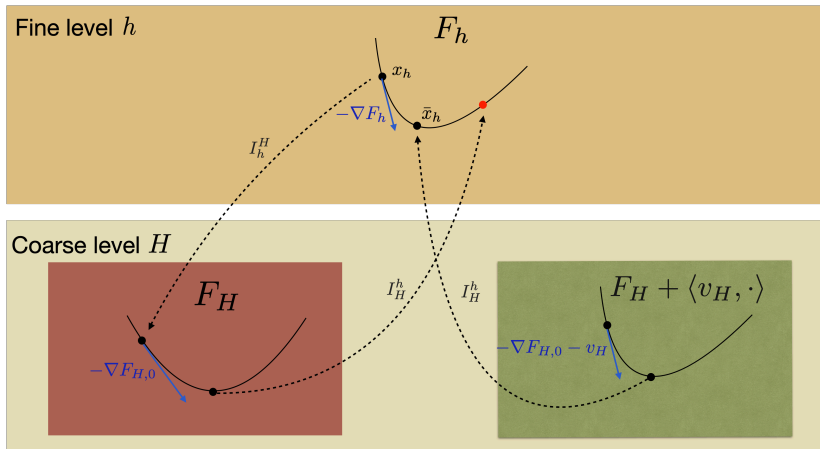
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Is this model useful in minimizing F ?

Design of F_H in smooth context: First order coherence



Design of F_H in smooth context: First order coherence



Coarse model definition

Assume $\varphi \circ L$ smooth. We define:

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{2} \|Ax - z\|_2^2 + \varphi(Lx)$$
$$F_H(x_H) = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \|A_H x_H - z\|_2^2 + \varphi(L_H x_H)}_{\tilde{F}_H} + \langle v_H, x_H \rangle$$

where, given x_h iterate at fine level, we define:

$$v_H = I_h^H \nabla F(x_h) - \nabla \tilde{F}_H(I_h^H x_h)$$

This implies the **first-order coherence**:

$$I_h^H \nabla F(x_h) = \nabla F_H(I_h^H x_h)$$

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What to do in the non-smooth case?

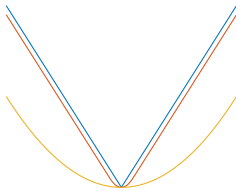
Smoothing

Nonsmooth case \rightarrow smoothing!

The Moreau envelope:

$$\gamma g = \inf_{y \in \mathcal{H}} g(y) + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \|\cdot - y\|^2$$

Illustration: Moreau envelope of l_1 -norm for $\gamma = 0.1$ and $\gamma = 1$



Coarse model for the non-smooth case

Coarse model F_H for non-smooth functions

$$F_H = f_H + (\gamma^H \varphi_H \circ L_H) + \langle v_H, \cdot \rangle$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} v_H &= I_h^H \nabla^{\gamma_h} F(x_h) - \nabla F_H(I_h^H x_h) \\ &= I_h^H (\nabla f_h(x_h) + \nabla(\gamma^h \varphi_h \circ L_h)(x_h)) \\ &\quad - (\nabla f_H(I_h^H x_h) + \nabla(\gamma^H \varphi_H \circ L_H)(I_h^H x_h)) \end{aligned}$$

Theoretical results

If $x_{H,m} - x_{H,0}$ is a descent direction for F_H , then

$$F_h(x_h + \bar{\tau} I_H^h(x_{m,0} - x_{H,0})) \leq F_h(x_h) + O(\gamma_h)$$

IML FISTA

- ▶ The steps:

$$x_{k+1} \approx_{\epsilon_{h,k}} \text{prox}_{\tau\varphi \circ L}(\bar{y}_k - \tau \nabla f(\bar{y}_k))$$

$$y_{k+1} = x_{k+1} + \alpha_k(x_{k+1} - x_k)$$

- ▶ FISTA: $\bar{y}_k = y_k$
 - ▶ IML FISTA: $\bar{y}_k = ML(y_k)$ (i.e., $\min F_H$)
- ▶ IML FISTA recovers state-of-the-art **convergence guarantees**:

$$x_{k+1} \approx_{\epsilon_{h,k}} \text{prox}_{\tau\varphi \circ L}(\bar{y}_k - \tau \nabla f(\bar{y}_k) + e_{h,k})$$

Multilevel steps= bounded errors on the gradient

If $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k^{2d} \epsilon_{h,k} < \infty$, then

- ▶ The sequence $k^{2d}(F_h(x_{h,k}) - F(x^*))_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$ belongs to $\ell_{\infty}(\mathbb{N})$
- ▶ The sequence $(x_{h,k})_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$ converges to a minimizer of F_h

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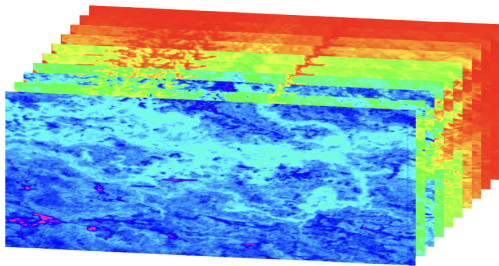
The coarse model

Numerical experiments

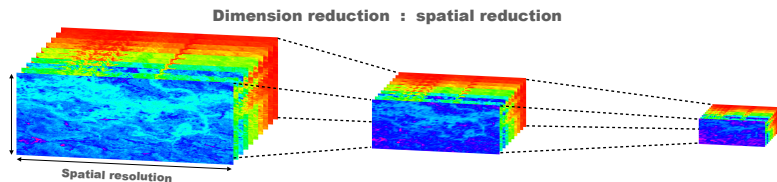
Hyperspectral images

Radio-interferometric imaging

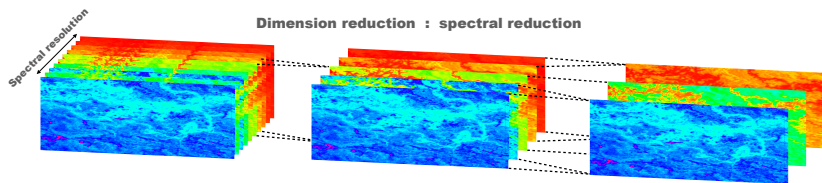
Hyperspectral images



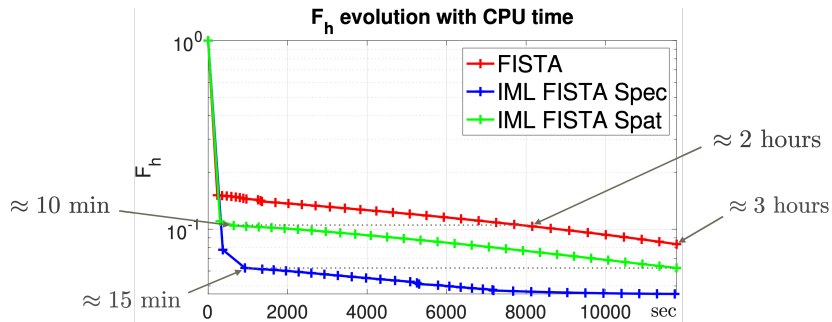
How to build the coarse approximations?



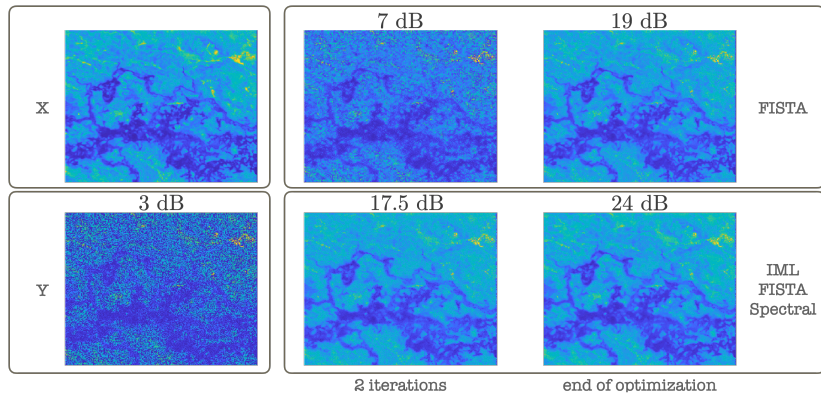
How to build the coarse approximations?



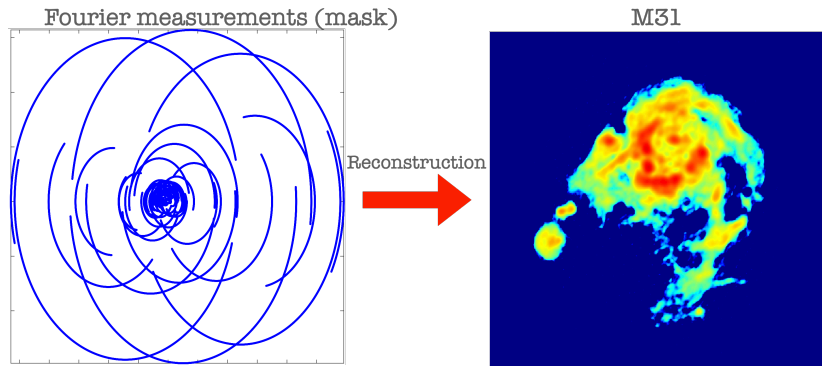
Objective function evolution



Reconstruction



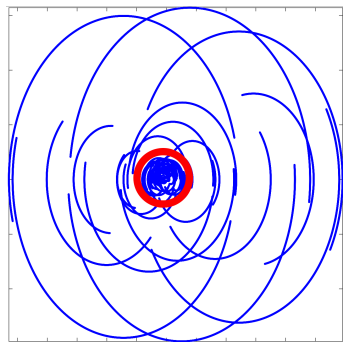
Radio-interferometric imaging



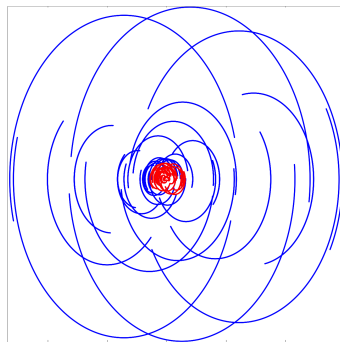
Dimension bottleneck: number of observations

Collaboration with Audrey Repetti and Yves Wiaux

Radio-interferometric imaging

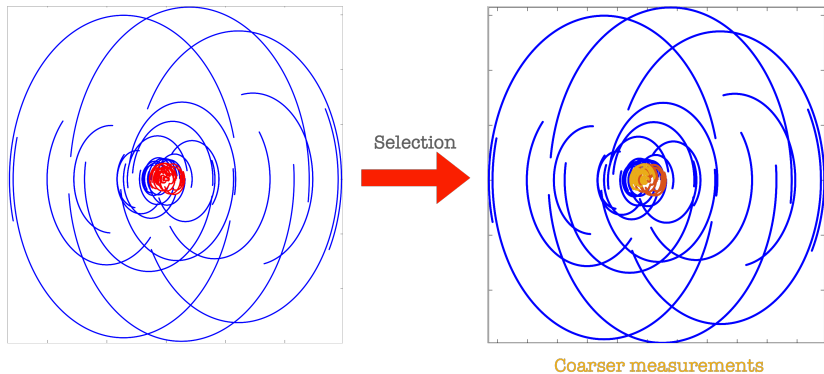


Selection

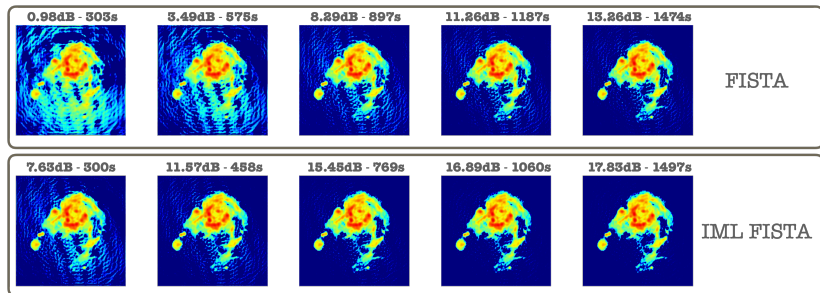


Coarse measurements

Radio-interferometric imaging

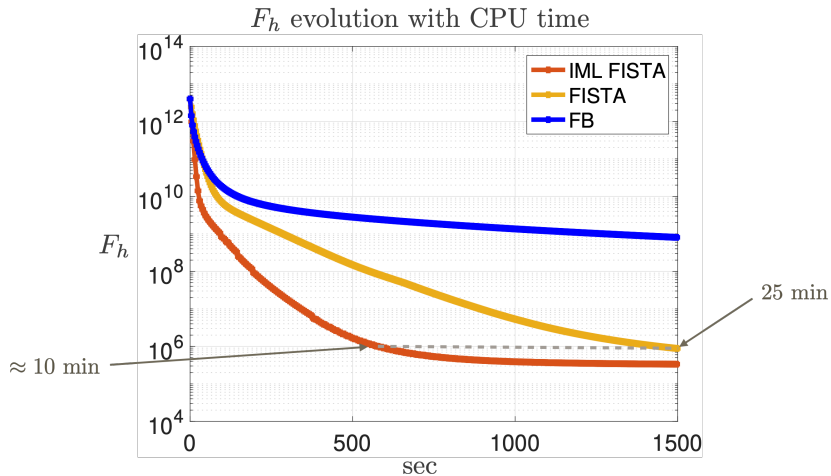


Radio-interferometric imaging



Reconstruction in log-scale of a region of the M31 galaxy

Radio-interferometric imaging



Conclusions and perspectives

Conclusions:

- ▶ We have proposed a **general multilevel framework for image restoration** with state-of-the-art convergence guarantees
- ▶ We have specialised the method in various contexts with really **good practical performance**

Perspectives:

- ▶ Extend the multilevel framework to **scientific machine learning**: multilevel Plug-and-Play methods, unrolled multilevel methods
- ▶ Extend the multilevel framework to **second-order methods**: proximal Gauss-Newton methods

Thank you for your attention!

A few references

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