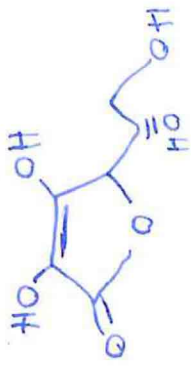
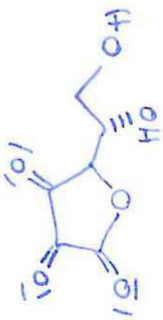


Titrage coulométrique de la vitamine C

Principe :



+ I_2



+ $2H^+$ + $2I^-$

$$I = 17,71$$

$$\Delta t = 5,16 \text{ s}$$

$$M = 176,1 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$$

$$m_{\text{composé}} = 2,01 \text{ g}$$

$$m' = 21,6 \text{ mg}$$

$$m_0 = \frac{I \times \Delta t \times M \times m_c}{3 \times F \times m'}$$

$$= \frac{17,71 \times 5,16 \times 176,1 \times 2,01}{2 \times 96500 \times 21,6 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= 475 \text{ mg}$$

35 après la boire = 500,0 0mg

method =

$$\frac{U(m_0)}{m_0} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{U}{I}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{U \Delta t}{Bt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{U}{m_c}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{U_{max}}{m'}\right)^2}$$

$$\approx \sqrt{\left(\frac{U}{I}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{U \Delta t}{\Delta t}\right)^2}$$

$$\approx \sqrt{\left(\frac{17}{29,44}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{17}{953}\right)^2}$$

$$= 0,68$$

or $U(m_0) = 38 \text{ mg}$

$$m_0 = (475 \pm 76) \text{ mg}$$

