

1. Let  $M$  be an abelian group. Let  $n$  and  $g$  be non-negative integers. Compute the (co)homology groups of the following spaces with coefficients in  $M$ .
  - (a)  $\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^n$ .
  - (b)  $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{P}^n$ .
  - (c) The orientable surface  $\Sigma_g$  of genus  $g$ .
  - (d) The non-orientable surface  $\Sigma'_g$  of genus  $g$ .

You can use the following facts without proving them.

- (a) If  $X$  is a CW complex, the complex  $C_*^{CW}(X) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} M$  computes the homology groups of  $X$  with coefficients in  $M$ .
  - (b) If  $X$  is a CW complex, the dual complex of the complex  $C_*^{CW}(X)$  computes the cohomology groups of  $X$  with coefficients in  $M$ .
2. Let  $X$  be a finite connected graph with  $v$  vertices and  $e$  edges.
    - (a) Show that  $H_1(X; \mathbb{Z})$  is a free Abelian group of rank  $g = e - v + 1$ . Its automorphism group is therefore  $GL_g(\mathbb{Z})$ .
    - (b) Let  $G$  be a finite group of homeomorphisms of  $X$ . Assuming that all vertices of  $X$  have degree  $> 1$ , show that the map

$$\Psi : \begin{cases} G \rightarrow GL_g(\mathbb{Z}) \\ f \mapsto H_1(f) \end{cases}$$

is one to one. You may start with the case where  $X$  is a wedge sum of circles.

- (c) Show that this result still holds when  $\mathbb{Z}$  is replaced by  $\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}$  with  $m > 2$ . What happens if  $m = 2$ ?
3. Let  $X$  be a topological space. Deduce from the short exact sequence of complexes

$$0 \rightarrow C_*(X) \xrightarrow{\times n} C_*(X) \rightarrow C_*(X; \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow 0$$

a short exact sequence of abelian groups

$$0 \rightarrow H_i(X)/n \rightarrow H_i(X, \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow n - \text{torsion}(H_{i-1}(X)) \rightarrow 0.$$

4. Let  $X$  be a finite connected CW-complex and  $\pi : \widehat{X} \rightarrow X$  a Galois covering with group  $\mathbb{Z}$ .
  - (a) Show that  $C_*^{CW}(\widehat{X})$  and  $H_*(\widehat{X})$  (resp.  $C_*^{CW}(\widehat{X}) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Q}$  and  $H_*(\widehat{X}, \mathbb{Q})$ ) have a natural structure of module over  $\mathbb{Z}[t, t^{-1}]$  (resp.  $\mathbb{Q}[t, t^{-1}]$ ).
  - (b) Show that  $\mathbb{Q}[t, t^{-1}]$  is a principal ideal domain (PID).
  - (c) Show that  $\dim_{\mathbb{Q}}(H_*(\widehat{X}, \mathbb{Q}))$  is finite if and only if  $H_*(\widehat{X}, \mathbb{Q})$  is torsion over  $\mathbb{Q}[t, t^{-1}]$ .
  - (d) Study the example  $X = (S^1 \times [0, 1]) / (z, 1) \sim (z^2, 0) = (S^1 \times \mathbb{R})_{(z, t+1) \sim (z^2, t)}$ ,  $\widehat{X} = S^1 \times \mathbb{R}$ . Show that (iii) does not hold if we replace  $\mathbb{Z}$  by  $\mathbb{Q}$  and  $\dim_{\mathbb{Q}}$  by  $\text{rank}_{\mathbb{Z}}$ .