## Subject 3: Multiplicative Proof-Nets

to be returned on Friday, October 16th

Formulas are given by:

$$A ::= X \mid X^{\perp} \mid A \otimes A \mid A \ \mathfrak{P} A$$

where X ranges over the elements of a given countable set  $\mathcal{V}$  of variables. We consider the following rules for the one-sided multiplicative linear sequent calculus MLL:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \hline & & & \\ \hline & \vdash A, A^{\perp} \end{array} ax \qquad & \frac{\vdash \Gamma, A \qquad \vdash \Delta, A^{\perp}}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta} cut \qquad & \frac{\vdash \Gamma}{\vdash \sigma(\Gamma)} ex \\ \\ \hline & & \frac{\vdash \Gamma, A \qquad \vdash \Delta, B}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta, A \otimes B} \otimes \qquad & \frac{\vdash \Gamma, A, B}{\vdash \Gamma, A \ \Re B} \ \Re \end{array}$$

We only use the terminology *proof-net* for a proof-structure which satisfies the Danos-Regnier correctness criterion. A proof-net is *atomic* if the conclusions of all its axiom nodes are labelled with atomic formulas (that is of the shape X or  $X^{\perp}$ ).

## **Proof Nets**

Question 1. For each sequent below, give a proof in MLL and the associated proof-net.

**a.**  $\vdash X^{\perp}, X \otimes (X^{\perp} \mathfrak{N} X)$  **b.**  $\vdash X^{\perp} \mathfrak{N} (Y^{\perp} \otimes Z^{\perp}), (X \otimes Y) \mathfrak{N} Z$  **c.**  $\vdash X^{\perp} \otimes X, (X \mathfrak{N} X^{\perp}) \otimes (X \mathfrak{N} X^{\perp})$ **d.**  $\vdash X \mathfrak{N} X^{\perp}, (X^{\perp} \otimes X) \mathfrak{N} (X^{\perp} \otimes X)$ 

**Question 2.** For each formula below, give all possible cut-free proof-structures with this formula as unique conclusion. For all the obtained proof-structures, check whether they satisfy the Danos-Regnier criterion or not. For each obtained proof-structure which satisfies the criterion, give a sequentialization in MLL.

**a.** 
$$X \ {}^{\mathcal{R}} X^{\perp}$$

**b.** 
$$(X \otimes X^{\perp})$$
  $\Re (X$   $\Re X^{\perp})$ 

c. 
$$(X \otimes X^{\perp}) \otimes (X \ \mathfrak{P} X^{\perp})$$

- **d.**  $(X \otimes X^{\perp})$   $\Re (X \otimes X^{\perp})$
- e.  $(X \ \mathfrak{P} X^{\perp}) \ \mathfrak{P} (X \ \mathfrak{P} X^{\perp})$
- f.  $(X \ \mathfrak{Y} X^{\perp}) \otimes (X \ \mathfrak{Y} X^{\perp})$
- g.  $((X \otimes X^{\perp}) \, \mathfrak{P} \, (X \otimes X^{\perp})) \, \mathfrak{P} \, (X \, \mathfrak{P} \, X^{\perp})$
- **h.**  $(X \otimes (Z \ \mathfrak{P} Y)) \ \mathfrak{P} (((Y^{\perp} \ \mathfrak{P} X^{\perp}) \otimes (U^{\perp} \ \mathfrak{P} V^{\perp})) \ \mathfrak{P} ((V \ \mathfrak{P} Z^{\perp}) \otimes U))$

## **Boolean Computation**

We consider the formula  $\mathbf{B} = (X^{\perp} \mathfrak{P} X^{\perp}) \mathfrak{P} (X \otimes X).$ 

Question 3. Give all the cut-free proof-nets with a unique conclusion labelled B.

Among the two atomic proof-nets of Question 3, only one can be obtained by axiom expansion. We call it TRUE. The other atomic one is called FALSE. The set of Booleans is  $\mathbb{B} = \{\text{true}, \text{false}\}$  and we define  $\overline{\text{true}} = \text{TRUE}$  and  $\overline{\text{false}} = \text{FALSE}$ .

A function f from  $\mathbb{B}$  to  $\mathbb{B}$  is said to be *represented* by the proof-net  $\mathcal{R}$  with two conclusions  $\mathbf{B}^{\perp}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$  if the normal form of the proof-net  $\mathcal{R}_b$  (obtained by putting a cut node between the conclusion  $\mathbf{B}$  of  $\overline{b}$  and the conclusion  $\mathbf{B}^{\perp}$  of  $\mathcal{R}$ ) is  $\overline{f(b)}$ , for any  $b \in \mathbb{B}$ .

Question 4. Give a proof-net representing the negation function  $\mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}$ :

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\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{true} \mapsto \mathsf{false} \\ \mathsf{false} \mapsto \mathsf{true} \end{array}
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**Question 5.** Give all the atomic cut-free proof-nets with two conclusions:  $\mathbf{B}^{\perp}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$ .

Question 6. Give a function from  $\mathbb{B}$  to  $\mathbb{B}$  which cannot be represented by a proof-net.