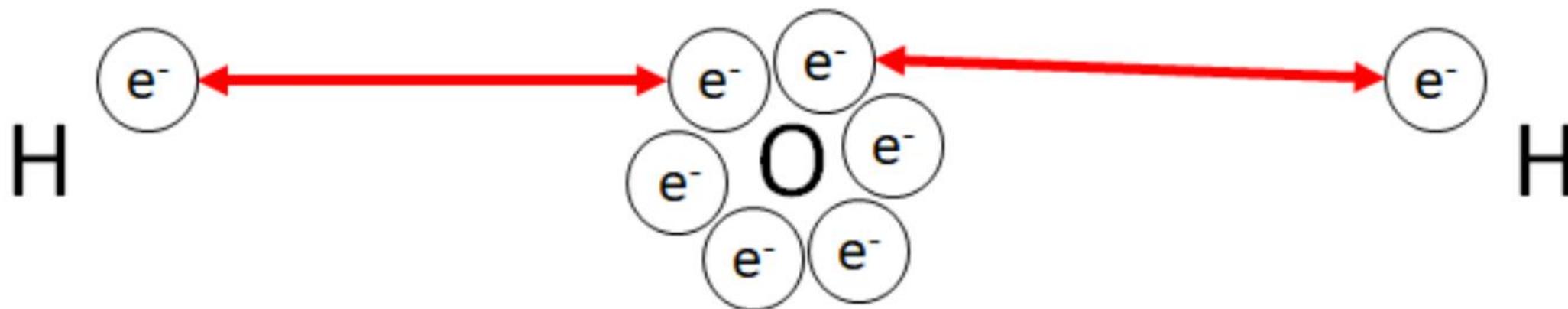
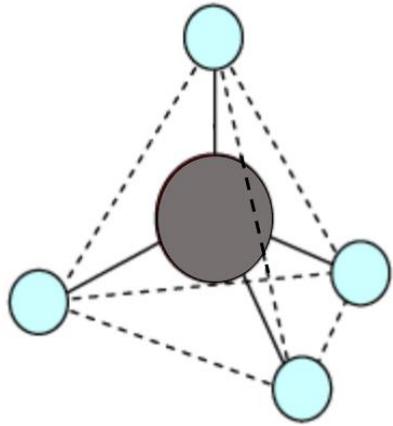


# Liaisons chimiques

# Liaison covalente

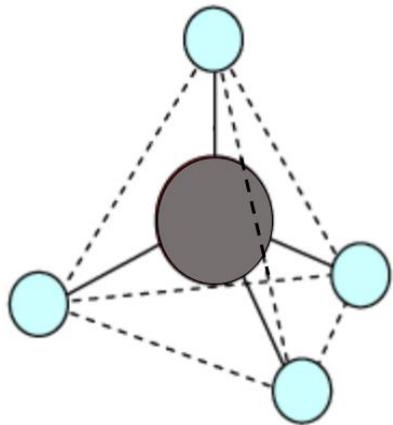


# Géométrie des molécules

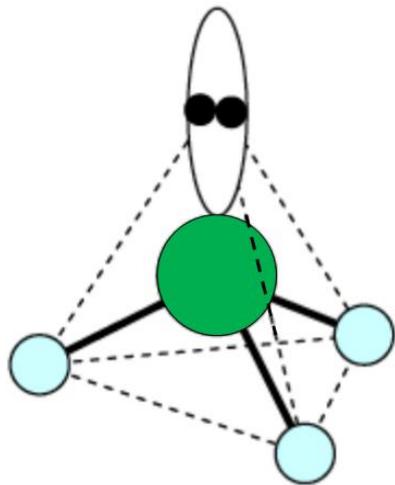


Tétraédrique

# Géométrie des molécules

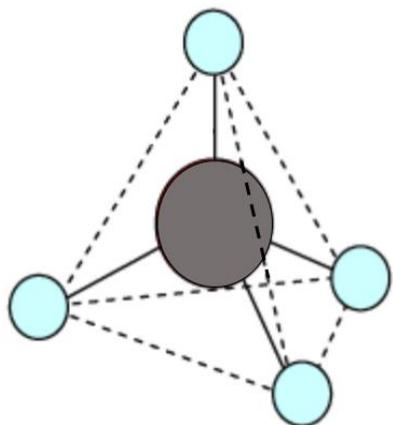


Tétraédrique

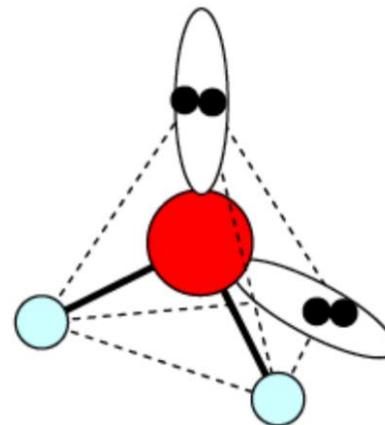


Pyramidale (base triangle)

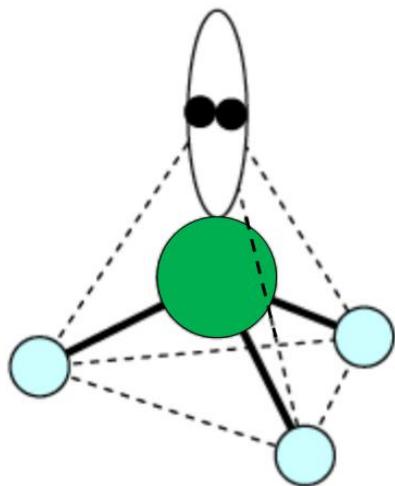
# Géométrie des molécules



Tétraédrique

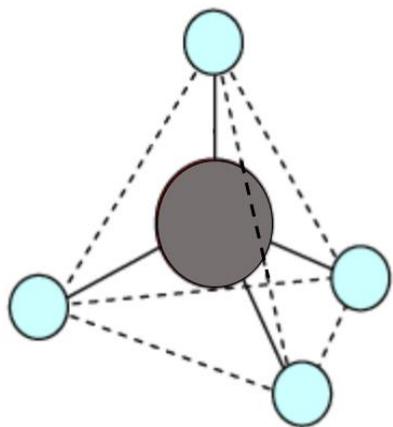


Coudée

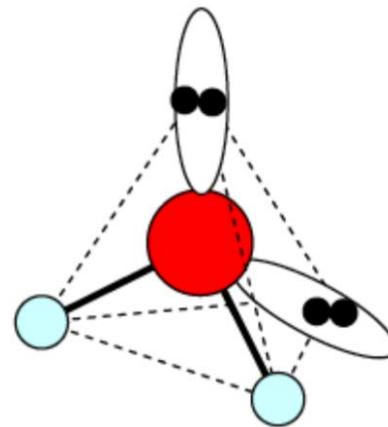


Pyramidale (base triangle)

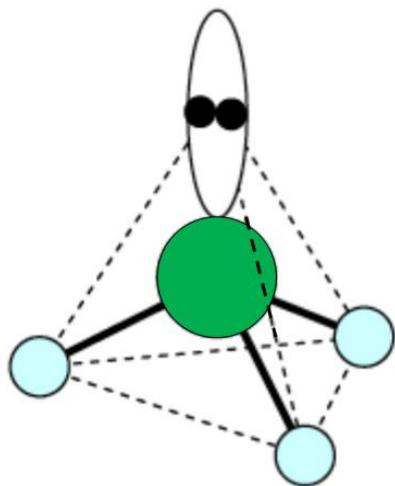
# Géométrie des molécules



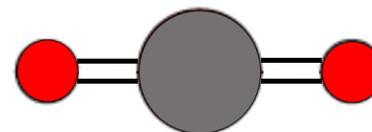
Tétrahédrique



Coudée



Pyramidale (base triangle)

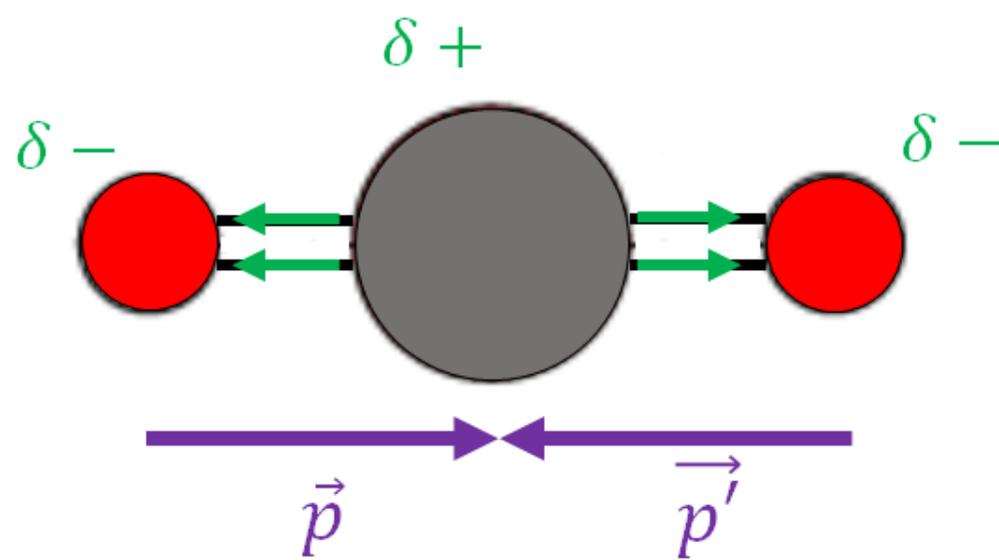
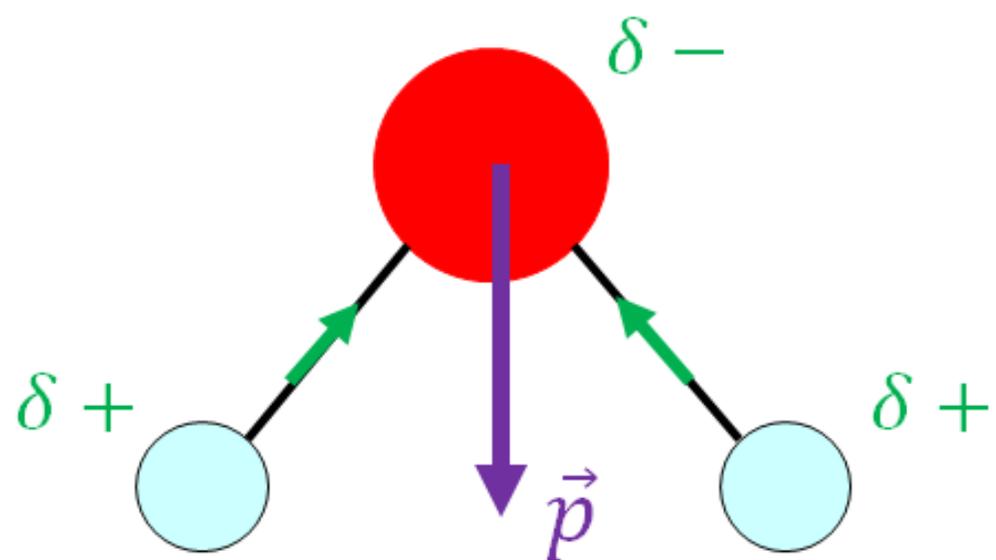


Linéaire

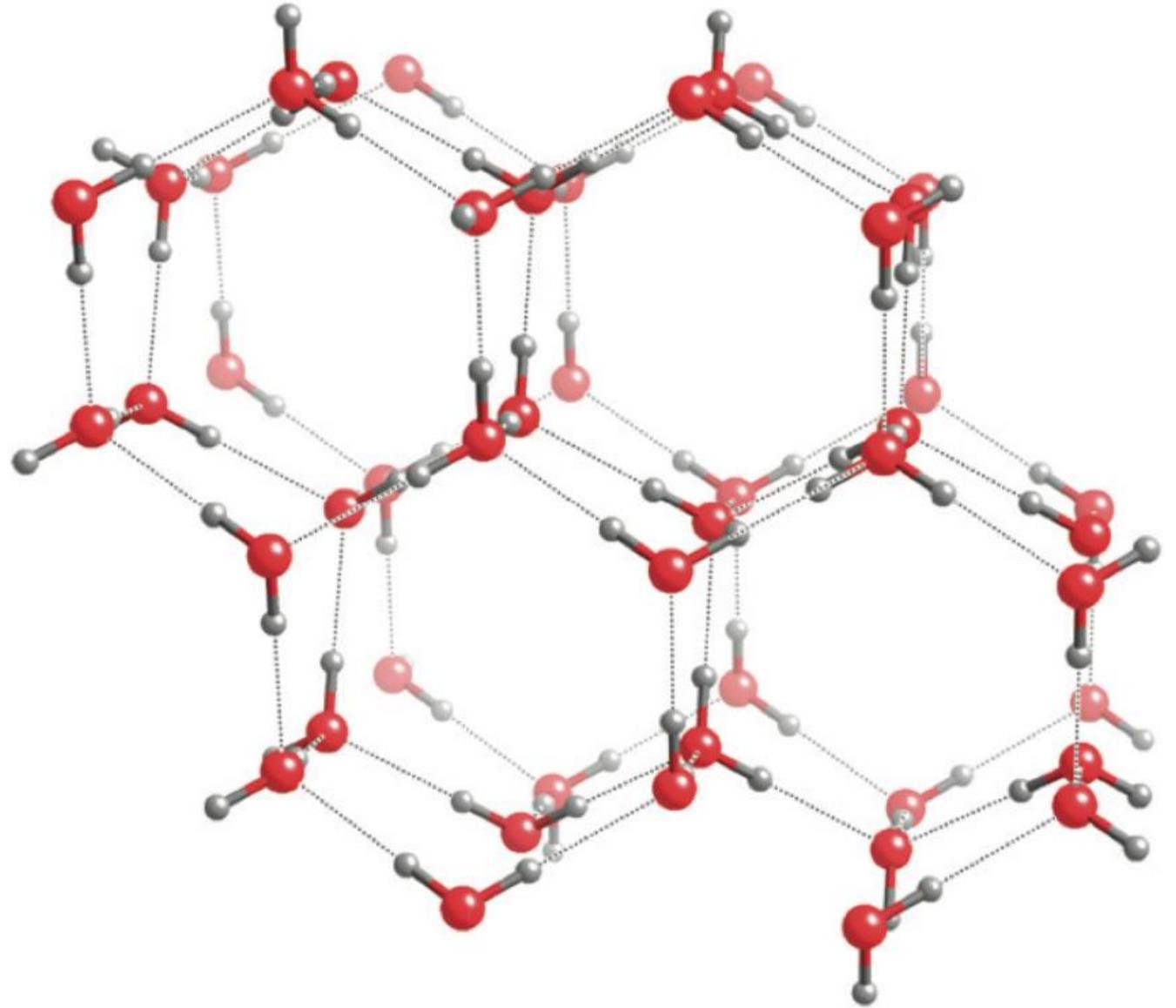
# Électronégativité

H 2,2																	He
Li 0,98	Be 1,57											B 2,04	C 2,55	N 3,04	O 3,44	F 3,98	Ne
Na 0,93	Mg 1,31											Al 1,61	Si 1,9	P 2,19	S 2,58	Cl 3,16	Ar
K 0,82	Ca 1	Sc 1,36	Ti 1,54	V 1,63	Cr 1,66	Mn 1,55	Fe 1,83	Co 1,88	Ni 1,91	Cu 1,9	Zn 1,65	Ga 1,81	Ge 2,01	As 2,18	Se 2,55	Br 2,96	Kr
Rb 0,82	Sr 0,95	Y 1,22	Zr 1,33	Nb 1,6	Mo 2,16	Tc 2,1	Ru 2,2	Rh 2,28	Pd 2,2	Ag 1,93	Cd 1,69	In 1,78	Sn 1,96	Sb 2,05	Te 2,1	I 2,66	Xe 2,6
Cs 0,79	Ba 0,89	*	Hf 1,3	Ta 1,5	W 1,7	Re 1,9	Os 2,2	Ir 2,2	Pt 2,2	Au 2,4	Hg 1,9	Tl 1,8	Pb 1,8	Bi 1,9	Po 2	At 2,2	Rn
Fr 0,7	Ra 0,9	**	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	Cn	Uut	Fl	Uup	Lv	Uus	Uuo

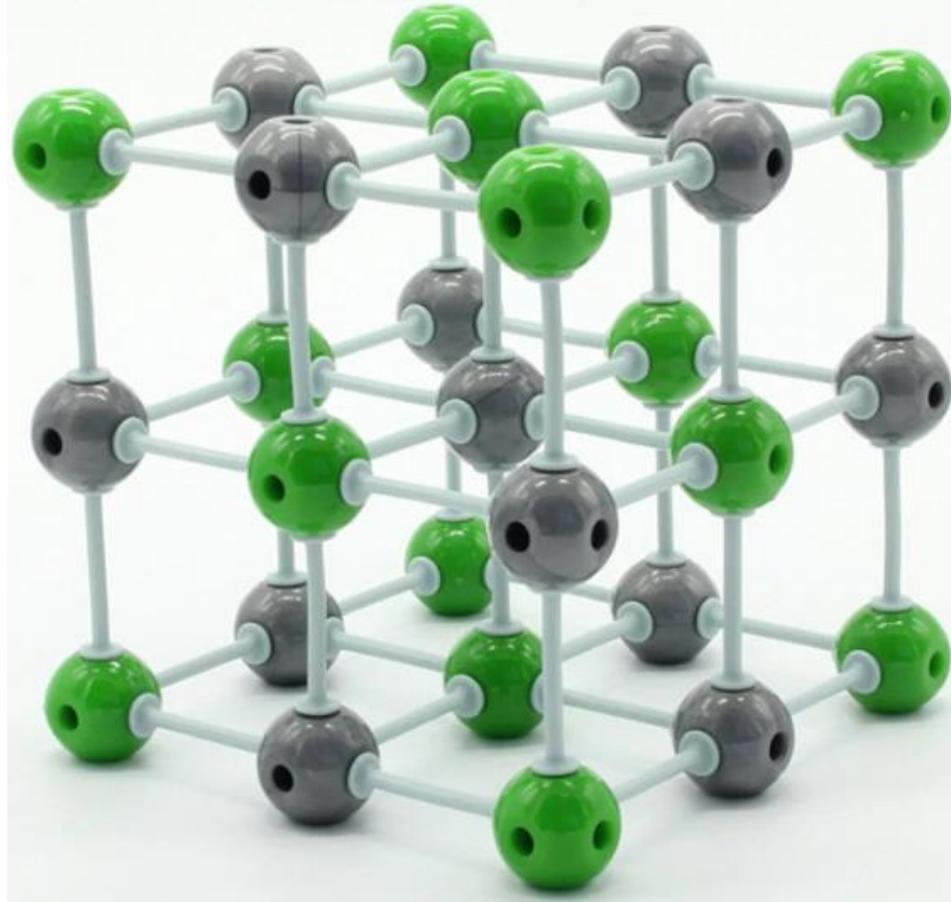
# Polarité



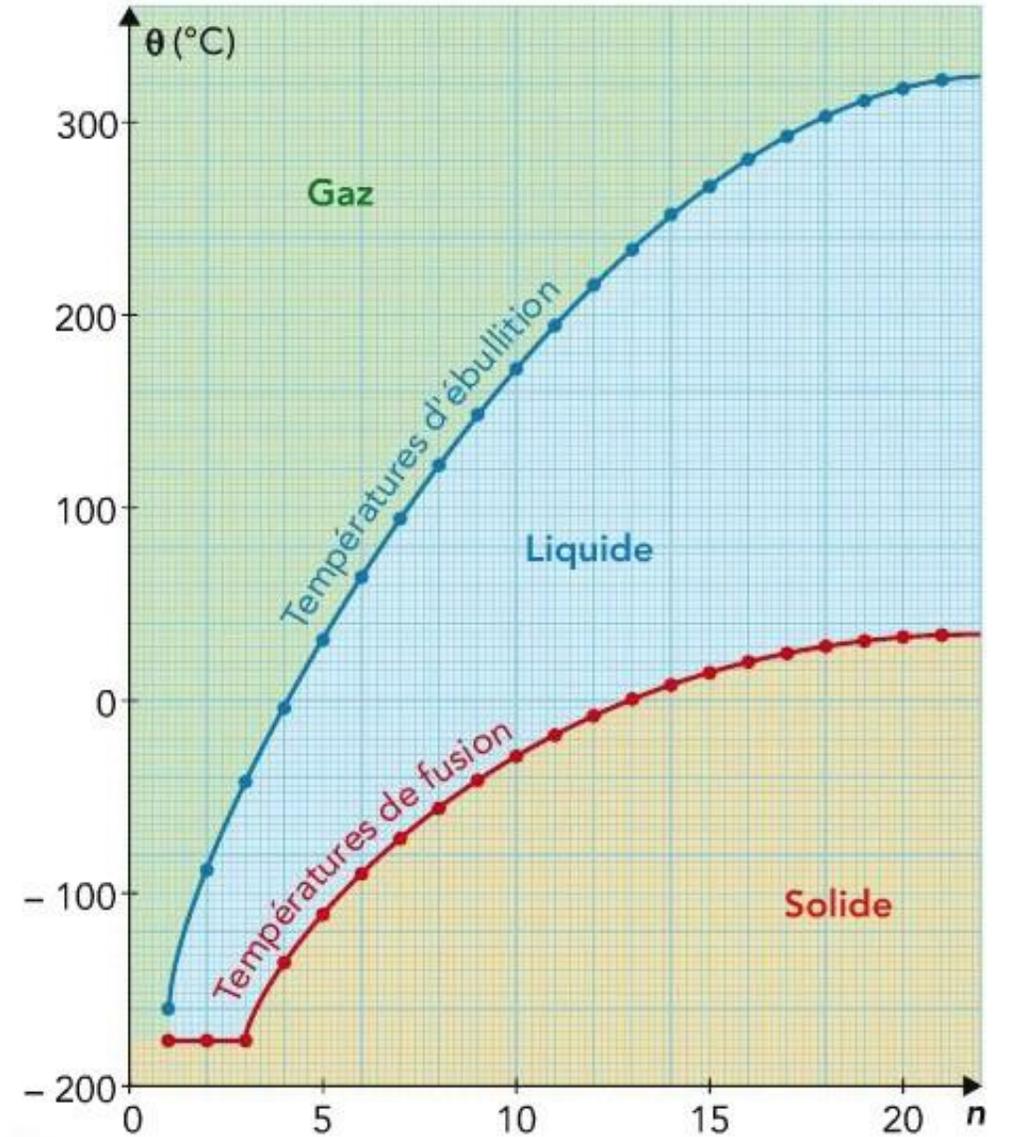
# Polarisation de l'eau



# Solide ionique



# Température de fusion des alcanes



Températures de fusion et d'ébullition des alcanes linéaires, sous la pression atmosphérique, en fonction du nombre  $n$  d'atomes de carbone.